

## JOHNSTOWN'S BIG FIRE.

### Heavy Rain Saved Town From Complete Destruction Saturday.

#### Several Buildings Torn Down to Keep the Blaze From Spreading.

#### THE LOSS IS ESTIMATED AT SEVENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

#### Some of the Principal Stores of the Town Swept Away—Water Supply Scarce—Fire Started in Racket Store—Origin Unknown—List of Losses.

Johnstown, O., May 24.—The Advocate correspondent has called upon every person who sustained a loss in this morning's big fire here and has learned the estimated loss from each and the amount of insurance carried. It will be seen there are several names in this list that did not appear in the list sent this morning but they were overlooked, being small in comparison with the heavier losses. The loss as added up at the time this telegram is sent to the Advocate, 12 o'clock, foots up a grand total of \$67,000, not including losses on two jewelry stores and damage to property removed and damaged by water, while the insurance amounts to \$46,800. The losses and insurance follow:

J. Frankel, loss \$30,000; insurance \$19,800.  
Ida M. Beidler, loss \$8,000; insurance \$5,800.  
Dr. J. P. Mantel, partial insurance.  
R. Kasson, loss \$300; fully insured.  
Williamson and Son, loss \$4,000; insurance \$2600.  
M. L. Emerson, loss \$5000; insurance \$2750.  
J. D. Granstaff, loss \$550; insurance \$4700.  
Fred Tippy, loss \$1000; insurance, \$600.  
W. A. Ashbrooke, loss \$4000; insurance \$3000.  
Citizens' bank, loss \$3000; insurance \$3000.  
Dr. T. A. Burke loss \$500; insurance \$400.  
Harvey Baker, loss \$200; fully insured.  
Merchant Premium Stamp Co., loss \$200; insurance \$150.  
J. I. Smith, jeweler, total loss; insured.  
E. A. French, jeweler, total loss; insured.  
Telephone exchange, total loss, insurance \$3000. The loss on this plant is about \$5000.

Johnstown, O., May 24.—A copious rainfall in Johnstown at 2:40 o'clock this morning saved this thriving, bustling little town from utter destruction.

As it is, Johnstown has sustained a blow which for the moment is staggering as only a pile of smoldering ashes remains of what a few hours ago was a row of prosperous business houses. The loss is placed at \$75,000, with insurance amounting to over half that sum.

The following buildings with stocks of goods have been totally destroyed: I. Frankel's Racket store, three rooms containing a large stock of hardware, clothing, chinaware and sundries to be found in a racket store. Mr. Frankel's loss according to his statement made today is about \$30,000.

The Citizen's Bank, a one-story brick building with plate glass front. The bank records and money are safe. The office of the Johnstown Independent, William A. Ashbrook, editor and proprietor. This building was a one-story brick structure with plate glass front, and the printing office was probably the best in the county outside of Newark. A practically new gas engine, a cylinder press, large stock of paper and supplies with type, etc., is a total loss. Mr. Ashbrook said early this morning that his loss would

Grandstaff. His loss is probably \$3,000 \$2,000.

J. D. Grandstaff's grocery.

Mr. Emerson's furniture store and undertaking establishment, a frame structure which was owned by Mr. Grandstaff. His loss is probably \$3000.

G. B. Williamson's furniture and undertaking store, a frame building owned by Mr. Williamson.

Elmer French's jewelry store in the Emerson building.

James Shaub's jewelry store in the Williamson building.

Henry Beidler's grocery and general store, a frame building; loss to the stock probably \$4,000.

Henry Beidler's residence property, occupied by Harvey Baker. A large part of Mr. Baker's household goods was saved.

Sherman's barber shop in R. Kasson's one-story brick and tile building. Fred Tippy's dwelling house, a story and a half residence; insured.

Frank Page's barn; insured.

Johnstown Telephone Exchange, which was above the Racket store; loss \$5,000; insurance \$3,000. Judge B. M. Critchfield who built the exchange, arrived here early this morning and immediately began to arrange to reconstruct the plant.

Knight's Pythias lodge room. All the records are destroyed.

Johnstown Building and Loan Association; furniture destroyed with the building but the money and records are in the safe intact.

This appalling list of properties destroyed would have been much larger, in fact it would have included all the houses and stores in town had it not been for the deluge of rain which fell within forty minutes after the fire was discovered.

Dr. Preston, the dentist, sustained injury to one of his eyes on Friday and during the night it gave him much pain. About two o'clock he arose from his bed to dress the injured member and while standing by a window had his attention directed to a bright light in the Frankel Racket store. A second glance convinced him that the store was on fire. Without stopping to don his clothing, the doctor gave an alarm which was heard by a number of people, including Mr. R. L. Patton, the insurance man, who ran to the Presbyterian church and rang the church bell to arouse the sleeping villagers.

In a moment the town was awake and the people wildly excited rushed into the streets, realizing in a moment that the town would be at the mercy of the fire. Months ago the leading men of the place knowing that if the town would be visited by a fire it would cause untold damage created sentiment favorable to the establishment of a water works system and recent action was taken by the council authorizing the issue of \$20,000 worth of bonds for the construction of a water works system. In a few more months the town would have been built and Johnstown would then have been in position to fight a fire.

The men in the crowd were quickly formed into a fire fighting brigade armed with buckets. Nearly every cistern in town was called upon for water, but many were empty and very few had any water at all. Pumps at the wells were kept in constant use and long lines of men carried the water as fast as possible to the burning buildings.

The men made no headway whatever

er against the flames which were leaping wildly and furiously in every direction.

From the Frankel Racket store which stood on the west side of Main street, half way between the Citizens bank and the corner of Main and Depot streets, the fire spread in both directions and in an incredibly short time the whole block was a mass of flame.

Soon realizing that no headway could be made in fighting the fire, the men turned their attention to the surrounding property in order to confine the blaze to as small a territory as possible. Many were sent to remove the household goods and stock of goods from buildings that would probably be attacked, while others literally tore down several buildings, including Mr. Baker's house and Stevens' barn to block the course of the fire. The household belongings in at least fifteen residences were taken out and either carried to the town hall or placed in vacant lots remote from the scene of the conflagration, but the goods left in the open suffered greatly by the heavy rain which came shortly afterwards.

Fully a dozen houses and buildings not mentioned in the foregoing list of those that were destroyed were on fire, but it was here that the force of men did energetic work and practically no damage was done to property save that mentioned above.

The fire jumped from the shoe department in Frankel's store to the office of the Johnstown Independent and to the Grandstaff grocery. Then the bank property was attacked and the others in the order named above. Only by the most herculean effort was it prevented from crossing to the east side of Main street from the Racket store and the bank, but in spite of the work of the citizens the blaze did reach the opposite side of the street after it had passed down the west side of Main and had licked up the Grandstaff property, the Emerson and Williamson blocks and the two jewelry stores and the Kasson building. It jumped across to the Beidler property and burned it, with the little bakery that stood north of it, but here it ran into the little brick hotel and the course was blocked for a time. The rain then fell and the town was saved from annihilation.

What caused the fire? Nobody knows.

The electric lights were out. There was no fire in any of the stoves of the Racket store, and so far as known there was no lamp left burning. Mr. Frankel himself knows nothing of the origin of the blaze and can not account for it.

The men worked without a moment's rest until about 7 o'clock this morning, and all were drenched in the rain. By 7 o'clock the fire was over and nothing remained of the several houses and business places named save a mass of smoldering debris.

Mr. Patton, the insurance agent who is engaged in the insurance business with W. A. Ashbrooke, said this morning that two-thirds of the insurance on the property was carried by the Aetna, the Continental, the Franklin of Columbus, the National of Hartford, and the Allemania.

Johnstown is one of the most enterprising and progressive towns in the country. It is noted for its men of sound judgment and means. It is a notable fact that the large majority of the business men who suffered by the big fire occupied buildings that they themselves owned and this fact makes the burden heavier on the few but in spite of this the Johnstown spirit is manifesting itself and already plans are shaping themselves for a "Greater Johnstown" and there is no question that the buildings that have been swept away will be replaced by even better and more handsome structures.

The water works system will be hurried and the work of rebuilding the business section that has been destroyed will commence as soon as possible.

Johnstown has suffered severely, but she will rise again.

#### JOINS CLEVELANDERS.

Cleveland, May 24.—Lajoie will join the Cleveland ball team Monday at the largest salary ever paid a ball player. He signs a four year contract and gets nearly \$30,000. He will be captain of the team.

It seems queer that the dull people should be the greatest bores.

## PEACE

IN SOUTH AFRICA IS HIGHLY PROBABLE.

BUT NO DEFINITE FACTS ARE GIVEN OUT.

BRITISH CABINET IS SILENT

Holding Back All Information and Trying to Keep Matters From Leaking Out Before Monday.

London, May 24.—The English papers disagree as to the present status of the South African peace negotiations. Some say that an ultimatum has been presented, others that the matter has only reached the point where questions as to the forms of procedure are before the government. Your correspondent however, learns that the matter is now likely to go over Sunday, the members of the cabinet and the censors in the meantime making it a matter of pride that nothing as to the condition of affairs shall leak out.

London, May 24.—It is claimed that the articles of surrender on the part of the Boers are ready to be signed, and that the suspension of hostilities may be announced at any hour.

Mr. Broderick, the secretary of state for war, said:

"I should go beyond my duty should I enter into details of the communications which are now passing, and which prelude as we all hope, the surrender of the Boers."

#### STOP MULE BUYING.

Fort Worth, Texas, May 24.—Contractors here were notified Friday by the British government to cease buying mules. During the past two years Texas and Indian and Oklahoma territories sold to England 10,000 mules. No cause is assigned for discontinuing the further purchase of mules, but the inference is England thinks the Boer war about over.

## PAUNCEFOTE

BRITISH AMBASSADOR DIED SATURDAY MORNING

At the Age of 74 Years—Van Hollenben, German Ambassador Dean of the Diplomatic Corps.

Washington, May 24.—Lord Pauncefote the British ambassador to the United States, died this morning at 5:20 o'clock. Death was caused by gout and liver troubles. Lord Pauncefote was 74 years of age.

By reason of the death Van Hollenben, German ambassador, becomes dean of the diplomatic corps at Washington.

Julien Pauncefote after a brilliant diplomatic career, was appointed to the United States in 1889, and has served here ever since. He was counted a friend of this country and he will be chiefly remembered here as party to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

## ROCHAMBEAU

Statue Was Unveiled Saturday at 11 O'clock in Washington—Fellicitous Speeches.

Washington, May 24.—At 11 o'clock today the Rochambeau statue was unveiled in the presence of the French nobles, foreign diplomats and all the high officials of the government and members of Congress together with an immense concourse of military and civilians. Felicitous speeches were made by Ambassador Cambon, Count de Rochambeau, Henry Cabot Lodge, and many others.

The statue is a duplicate of the one at Vendome, France. Part of the inscription are the words of Washington to Rochambeau, dated February, 1784: "We have lived together as brothers should do in harmonious friendship."

In the address of welcome President Roosevelt said in part: "We prize this first proof of friendship of the French people, not only because it is necessarily pleasing to use to have the friendship of a nation so mighty in

war, so mighty in peace, as the French nation has shown itself to be, but because it is peculiarly pleasant to feel after a century and a quarter we are glad that the French republic should feel that we have justified the sacrifice France made on our behalf."

Washington, May 24.—At the close of the Rochambeau statue unveiling, President Roosevelt ordered the flag on the White House at half mast for Lord Pauncefote, who died this morning. Plans for further entertainment of the French visitors today were abandoned on this account.

## IMPOSSIBLE

To Penetrate to St. Pierre and It May be Necessary to Evacuate the Whole Island.

Paris, May 24.—Word from Martinique this morning says the situation is stationary but it may yet be necessary to evacuate the whole island. It is still impossible to penetrate to St. Pierre.

Washington, May 24.—The navy department today received the following cable report from Capt. McLean, commanding the Cincinnati.

St. Lucia, May 24.—Cincinnati has made a circuit of St. Vincent, now going to Ft. de France. One hundred and thirty persons were brought to the hospital in Kingston. Eighty more are badly burned, still to come in. Four thousand are receiving food. Steamer circuits the island daily. The Dixie will finish discharging supplies Tuesday. (Signed.) McLEAN.

The Cincinnati since this dispatch was received today has sailed for Ft. de France.

## STATE BOARD

DOES NOT RECOMMEND PARDON FOR MRS. TAYLOR

And Her Daughter, Who Were Convicted of Conspiracy to Kidnap Margaret Taylor.

Columbus, O., May 24.—The State Board of Pardons refused to recommend a pardon for Mrs. Taylor aged 73, and her daughter. The four members of the board voted unanimously against the recommendation. The women were convicted in Cincinnati of conspiracy to kidnap Margaret Taylor, daughter of A. V. Taylor, son of the elder woman. They were sentenced to one year in the penitentiary and were reprieved until June 10, by Governor Nash. The child was kidnapped four years ago by Clara Taylor, an aunt and is now on the ocean with her father, returning home, having been located a few weeks ago in Italy.

Columbus, May 24.—The unanimous refusal of the state board of pardons to recommend executive clemency in the cases of the two Taylor women places Governor Nash in an extremely difficult position. He has made it a rule to grant no pardon except upon recommendation of the board. It therefore seems improbable that he will act in the present case, and the two women seem doomed to go to the penitentiary. The news of the board's action was broken to Mrs. and Miss Taylor this morning by Henry C. Taylor, whose guests they have been since their reprieve. Both were sorely affected and tears are entertained for the result of the shock on the elder woman.

## HOSPITAL FIRE

In Cincinnati This Morning May Cause Death of Three People—The Patients Saved.

Cincinnati, O., May 24.—A fire in the city hospital this morning was under control before it reached the patients, but it will probably cost the lives of Kate Gaffney, Annie Rush and Rose Paler, of a laundry, all of whom inhaled the flames before rescued by the ladder route by the firemen. Many other women were taken out unharmed by the firemen. All the inmates of the hospital were asleep when the fire broke out.

Otterbein concert at U. B. church tonight.

## ANNUAL MAY MEETING.

### Licking County's Democratic Hosts Together in Council.

#### The Greatest Gathering of the Kind Held In Many Years.

#### PRIMARY ELECTION TO BE HELD ON SATURDAY, JUNE 7TH

#### Delegates Named For State Convention—Resolutions Adopted—Splendid Speech By Judge Hunter on The Principles of Democracy—Proceedings of the Big Meeting.

The annual May Meeting of the Licking County Democracy was held in the Court Room of the Court House today. It was a splendid gathering of representative Democrats from all over the county, and they were many in number, for the May Meeting of Democrats is considered by them as the most important meeting of the year. It is here that arrangements are made for the annual primary election and other business transacted for the management of the party for the following year. At this meeting, too, the necessary steps are taken for the election of standing committees of the party to whose management the interest of the campaign are entrusted, and for the choosing of delegates to the State, Congressional and other conventions. It is here that the best interests of the party are considered. The members of the stalwart Democracy counsel among themselves to renewed zeal for principles advocated by their party and make their preparations for the approaching campaign.

Saturday's May Meeting was successful from every point of view. The attendance was large, the greatest harmony prevailed, the utmost enthusiasm was manifested. Every Democrat present left the meeting well satisfied with the selection of delegates that had been made and much gratified with the work that had been performed. All felt that the first step towards a glorious victory for the Democracy had been taken. A hopeful spirit of coming victory characterized the proceedings throughout. At 10 o'clock this morning the large and enthusiastic meeting was called to order by A. J. Crilly, Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee, who briefly stated the object of the meeting.

F. B. Dudgeon, Secretary of the Democratic Central committee, acted as secretary until the permanent organization was made.

As the roll of the townships and wards was called the various committees were named as follows:

Committee on Permanent Organization  
Bennington—Frank P. Shipley.  
Bowling Green—George W. Courson  
Burlington—A. Householder.  
Eden—Dexter Biebout.  
Etna—Val Coon.  
Franklin—James A. Parr.  
Granville Twp.—J. E. Bishop.  
Granville Village—J. W. Bryan.  
Hanover—  
Harrison—R. H. Terkle.  
Hartford—S. Leamon.  
Hopewell—John S. Loughman.  
Jersey—W. F. Henthorn.  
Licking—W. H. Moore.  
Lima, E. P.—Joseph Farber  
Lima, W. P.—R. J. Allen.  
Madison—J. W. Shannon.  
Mary Ann—Sylvester Clemens.  
Monroe—Joseph White.  
Newark—W. D. Fulton.  
Newton—B. B. Evans.  
Perry—C. W. Somerville.  
St. Albans—Silas Orr.  
Union, S. P.—Geo. Bumgardner.  
Washington—E. M. Bell.  
First Ward—Chas. Fordyce.  
Second Ward—F. Linn.  
Third Ward, N. P.—Chas. Lederer.  
Third Ward, S. P.—Dan Gormley.  
Fourth Ward, N. P.—John Tucker.  
Fourth Ward, S. P.—John P. McMullen.  
Fifth Ward, N. P.—Alf Andrews.  
Sixth Ward—John G. Rosebrough.

Seventh Ward—A. A. Gard.  
Eighth Ward—J. B. Jones.

Committee on Time and Mode.  
Bennington—Allen Bash.  
Bowling Green—A. J. Smith.  
Burlington—B. C. Quick.  
Eden—J. F. Hughes.  
Etna—Al Gearhart.  
Franklin—Austin Orr.  
Granville Twp.—Jas. Ramsower.  
Granville Village—John Geach.  
Hanover—Joshua Kreager.  
Harrison—E. T. Ruge.  
Hartford—John Benner.  
Hopewell—A. M. Brown.  
Jersey—J. W. Alberly.  
Liberty—E. W. Fulk.  
Licking—C. D. Franks.  
Lima, E. P.—Seymour Smith.  
Lima, W. P.—M. D. Brock.  
Madison—D. Ritchie.  
Mary Ann—B. F. Glover.  
McKean—G. D. Smith.  
Monroe—Henry Sanford.  
Newark—C. C. Shaw.  
Newton—Peter Coffman.  
Perry—Rell Nichols.  
St. Albans—S. P. Moore.  
Union, S. P.—Isaac Loughman.  
Washington—M. J. McClellan.  
First Ward—Jos. Floyd.  
Second Ward—Thos. J. Hughes.  
Third Ward, N. P.—Albert P. Haines.  
Third Ward, S. P.—Will Hinger.  
Fourth Ward, N. P.—Chas. Schaller.  
Fourth Ward, S. P.—J. W. Honenberger.  
Fifth Ward, N. P.—Frank T. Mercer.  
Fifth Ward, S. P.—John Meister.  
Sixth Ward—E. H. Franklin.  
Seventh Ward—Harry Shrumm.  
Eighth Ward—Geo. P. Elliott.

Committee on State Delegates.  
Bennington—H. E. Watson.  
Bowling Green—Wm. Courson.  
Burlington—L. H. Smith.  
Etna—Henry Harner.  
Fallsbury—W. B. Howell.  
Franklin—Stephen Hoskinson.  
Granville Twp.—W. H. Pittsford.  
Granville Village—B. I. Jones.  
Hanover—Harry Varner.  
Harrison—E. L. White.  
Hartford—Simon Sharf.  
Hopewell—P. E. Breece.  
Jersey—L. M. Deaver.  
Liberty—N. E. Harris.  
Licking—S. H. Swartz.  
Lima, E. P.—James Lisle.  
Lima, W. P.—W. J. Tharp.  
Madison—Wm. Mason.  
Mary Ann—P. E. Snelling.  
McKean—J. E. Cady.  
Monroe—R. L. Patton.  
Newark—H. H. Hurbough.  
Newton—C. S. McKinney.  
Perry—J. B. Rector.  
St. Albans—J. D. Jones.  
Union, S. P.—F. E. Kirk.  
Washington—P. W. Knisely.  
First Ward—Frank J. Kessler.  
Second Ward—C. B. Loughman.  
Third Ward, N. P.—Henry Bolin.  
Third Ward, S. P.—Chas. Hager.  
Fourth Ward, N. P.—W. D. Benner.  
Fourth Ward, S. P.—Henry Heiser.  
Fifth Ward, N. P.—H. Atherton.  
Fifth Ward, S. P.—Frank Rogers.  
Sixth Ward—Edward Kibler.  
Seventh Ward—J. T. Hilliard.  
Eighth Ward—W. F. Gates.  
Committee to meet in Probate Judge's office.

Committee on Judicial Delegates.  
Bennington—L. B. Bash.  
Bowling Green—S. S. Cooperider.  
Burlington—J. B. Looker.  
Eden—L. F. Billman.

(Continued on page 2, 2d col.)



# THE NEWARK DAILY ADVOCATE.

Published by the  
ADVOCATE PRINTING COMPANY.  
J. H. NEWTON, Editor.

C. H. SPENCER, Associate Editor.  
A. H. PIERSON, Business Manager.

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:**  
Single copy ..... 2 cents  
Delivered by carrier, per week, 10cents  
**IF PAID IN ADVANCE:**  
Delivered by carrier, one mo. .... \$ 40  
Delivered by carrier, six mo. .... 2 25  
Delivered by carrier, one year .... 4 50  
By mail, postage paid, one year. . 4 00  
All subscribers who arrange to pay at the office are subject to a call from the collector if payment is not made when due.



## DR. WILLIAMS

FOR YEARS A LICKING COUNTY RESIDENT,

Died Late Friday Afternoon at Columbus—Burial at Alexandria, O., His Old Home.

Columbus, O., May 24.—Dr. David Williams died Friday afternoon from cancer of the liver. Dr. Williams was taken sick about 19 weeks ago.

Dr. David Williams was born at Alexandria, Ohio, in 1823, and attended college at Granville, Oberlin, and the Eclectic Medical College of Cincinnati. He enlisted in the 135th O. V. I. in 1863 for the 109 days' service. He began his practice of medicine in 1867 and has been in active work for 35 years, 17 years in Alexandria, O., and 18 in Columbus. Dr. Williams always excelled in all medical affairs, was president of the national state and local medical societies and was one of the framers of the present state medical law as well as treasurer of the state board of medical examination and registration. He was a member of St. Alban's lodge, F. & A. M.

Dr. Williams was a member of the First Congregationalist church. In 1867 he married Miss Anna Nichols of Licking county, who died in 1888, leaving two children, both of whom survive, Dr. Fred O. Williams, associated with his father in practice since 1893, and Mrs. H. B. Hutcheson.

It may be truly said of Dr. Williams that he was a valuable citizen in all respects and one of nature's noblemen. The body will be taken to Alexandria, O., for burial.

A Newspaper Warehouse.  
Skeptical as we have been the idea of a Chinese firm which has taken steps for the creation of the largest composite structure of that sort in China. The new building is thirteen stories in height and will stretch from West Lane street to about West Washington street, being completed by a twelve foot tall tower. We take a trip to the site. With the ground it will represent an investment of about \$1,000,000, and it is to be ready for completion on July 15, says the New York Times. The story of the height will be carried and will tell the third story will contain 100,000 square feet of space.

An Elegant Gift.  
"Is it a Comb and he is having?" "I think not. In fact, as I was passing his door just now the sounds I heard within rather led me to believe it was quite the reverse."—San Francisco Bulletin.

Rising Prices.  
"Potato prices are soaring," remarked Squibb.  
"Savatoza chips may soon be as expensive as potato chips," added McSwiltigen. —Pittsburg Courier-Tribune.

A Rubber Substitute.  
A German chemist has discovered a perfect substitute for rubber that is resilient and soft and is practically unbreakable.

They Never Fail.

## An Invalid

of the weakest type can take

### Clinic Headache Wafers.

They are absolutely harmless, easy to take, speedy and sure—a true heart tonic. All druggists. 10 cents.

CLINIC PHARMACAL CO., TORONTO, ONT.

CLINIC HEADACHE WAFERS Are Sold at Hall's Drug Store.

# ANNUAL MAY MEETING

(Continued from page 1.)

Etna—Thomas Tucker.  
Fallsbury—J. W. Booth.  
Franklin—Wm. Meredith.  
Granville Twp.—F. A. Smith.  
Granville Village—John David Jones.  
Hanover—P. P. Housholder.  
Hartford—Carl Nichols.  
Hawthorn—E. O. Mitchell.  
Hopewell—J. K. Poundstone.  
Jersey—P. H. Richards.  
Liberty—R. S. Morgan.  
Licking—L. C. Davis.  
Lima, E. P.—Eugene Moore.  
Lima, W. P.—W. S. Griffith.  
Madison—Frank Baker.  
Mary Ann—Owen F. Miller.  
McKean—J. Farmer.  
Monroe—J. W. Wolf.  
Newark—T. B. Fulton.  
Newton—St. McKinney.  
Perry—Chas. Somerville.  
St. Albans—T. B. Hammond.  
Union, S. P.—F. S. Cully.  
Washington—J. D. Jewell.  
First Ward—S. M. Hunter.  
Second Ward—George Thress.  
Third Ward—N. P.—Dan Sturman.  
Fourth Ward, S. P.—E. W. Crayton.  
Fourth Ward, N. P.—E. D. Stewart.  
Fourth Ward, S. P.—D. M. Keller.  
Fifth Ward, S. P.—B. L. Hawke.  
Fifth Ward, S. P.—Felix Robertson.  
Sixth Ward—C. L. Flory.  
Seventh Ward—J. Atherton.  
Eighth Ward—J. B. Jones.  
Committee to meet in Sheriff's office.

## Committee on Resolutions.

Dennington—D. M. Hatch.  
Bowling Green—J. W. Orr.  
Burlington—Howard Matticks.  
Eden—J. M. Davis.  
Etna—Wm. Smith.  
Fallsbury—W. H. Booth.  
Franklin—George Lampton.  
Granville twp.—J. C. Malone.  
Granville vil.—John M. Swartz.  
Hanover—Samuel Walker.  
Harrison—James Lucas.  
Hartford—James Barcus.  
Hopewell—E. S. Hursey.  
Jersey—Lafayette Groves.  
Liberty—N. H. Morgan.  
Licking—N. J. Bounds.  
Lima, E. P.—C. W. Swift.  
Lima, W. P.—Ralph Clark.  
Madison—Chas. Bolin.  
Mary Ann—Frank Billman.  
McKean—T. H. Palmer.  
Monroe—C. A. Casson.  
Newark—W. P. Price.  
Newton—J. P. Holmes.  
Perry—E. M. Smith.  
St. Albans—J. V. Colville.  
Union, N. P.—Carl Price.  
Union, S. P.—Wm. Sawyer.  
Washington—Samuel Jacobs.  
First ward—James Denison.  
Second ward—C. Yockey.  
Third ward, N. P.—Marion Harter.  
Third ward, S. P.—Martin Flanagan.  
Fourth ward, N. P.—Chas. Opal.  
Fourth ward, S. P.—R. L. Tanneyhill.  
Fifth ward, N. P.—B. G. Smythe.  
Fifth ward, S. P.—Geo. Meister.  
Sixth ward—Rees R. Jones.  
Seventh ward—James Haines.  
Eighth ward—Isaac Morrison.

## Supervisors of Primary Election.

Dennington—H. E. Watson.  
Bowling Green—Ed Morrison.  
Burlington—H. W. Matthews.  
Eden—L. F. Billman.  
Etna—Wm. Albert.  
Fallsbury—C. A. Meek.  
Franklin—E. O. Vermilion.  
Granville twp.—Geo. W. Evans.  
Granville vil.—John Smith.  
Hanover—R. L. Somerville.  
Harrison—C. C. McCullough.  
Hartford—H. S. Portet.  
Hopewell—E. S. Hursey.  
Jersey—E. S. Rose.  
Liberty—T. J. Aherry.  
Licking—E. V. Beard.  
Lima—E. P.—Banner Bowie.  
Lima, W. P.—J. S. Axline.  
Madison—J. Wesley Shannon.  
Mary Ann—S. T. Coon.  
McKean—A. H. Barrick.  
Monroe—Chas. Sanford.  
Newark—J. D. Price.  
Newton—F. C. Blinn.  
Perry—R. H. Nichols.  
St. Albans—Alvin Drake.  
Union, S. P.—Thomas Taylor.  
Union, S. P.—J. C. Minor.  
Washington—Nathaniel Housholder.  
First ward—James Sheridan.  
Second ward—Barney Bentfield.  
Third ward, N. P.—Dan Sturman.  
Third ward, S. P.—Henry Boner.  
Fourth ward, N. P.—Edw. Haughey.  
Fourth ward, S. P.—John P. McMullen.  
Fifth ward, N. P.—James Cody.  
Fifth ward, S. P.—August Meier.

Sixth ward—John W. Adams.  
Seventh ward—Harvey Hull.  
Eighth ward—John L. Grasser.  
At 11 o'clock the convention adjourned till 1 p. m. in order to let the committee meet.

## Afternoon Session.

At 1:30 p. m. the convention met. Chairman Crilly first called for the report of the committee on permanent organization and Mr. John Tucker, secretary, made the following report:  
"The following parties were elected to serve as permanent organization for the ensuing year. J. B. Jones was made chairman of our committee and John Tucker, secretary. Andrew Jackson Crilly was nominated and elected president of the permanent organization; Secretary, Carl Martin; J. S. Loughman, assistant secretary; J. B. Jones, first vice president; J. Tedrick second vice president, and John Tucker third vice president. The committee adjourned to meet with the convention at one o'clock.  
Respectfully submitted,  
J. TUCKER, Secretary.

The report was unanimously adopted.  
Mr. Crilly then made a few remarks in which he thanked the committee for the honor that had been conferred on him. He said that he had not come before the convention prepared to make a speech, but that there was a gentleman present who could and would make them an old-time Democratic speech. He then introduced Judge S. M. Hunter, whose eloquent and interesting address is given in full on page three of this paper.

## The Resolutions.

The chairman of the Committee on Resolutions was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause as he read the report of the committee.

We your committee respectfully submit the following resolutions:

1. Resolved, that we reaffirm the Kansas City platform.
2. Resolved, that we favor the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.
3. Resolved, that the policy of the Republican party to support, foster, and establish trusts, and giving them power to absorb all the business interests of the country is cause for alarm by the people, for it means the final crushing out of every individual opportunity and the concentration of the country's wealth in the hands of a few who will inevitably become the people's tyrants and overthrow this free government.
4. Resolved, that we heartily endorse the stand the Democratic members of Congress have taken against the Republican policy in the Philippine Islands and we favor a general reciprocity treaty with all civilized nations, and especially with Cuba.
5. Resolved, That we condemn the extravagant methods of the Republican party in Ohio affairs and especially the mismanagement of our benevolent institutions, and we also condemn that party for depriving a number of our cities of home rule through the passing of ripper bills.
6. We hereby request men of all parties who oppose the present Republican policy to join with us in rebuking the Republican party in its un-American and brutal policy in the Philippines, and we especially invite our former friends who may have differed from us in party policy to unite with us to drive the Republican party from power.

Respectfully submitted,

J. C. MALONE, Chairman.

C. W. SWYGART, Secretary.

## Report of the Committee on Time and Mode.

The committee met in the Clerk's office and organized by electing E. H. Franklin, chairman, and T. J. Hughes secretary.

On motion Saturday, June 7, was fixed as the date for holding the nomination.

On motion it was decided to hold the nomination by popular vote, to be governed by the Baber and Seitz law.

On motion all recognized Democrats, all young Democrats who shall become of age prior to the November election, and all who will swear to support the nominees, shall be allowed to vote.

On motion it was decided to open the polls between the hours of six and nine o'clock a. m. and close at seven o'clock p. m. (standard time)

On motion the committee adjourned.

E. H. FRANKLIN, Chairman.  
T. J. HUGHES, Secretary.

Committee on State Delegates.  
The committee to select and report delegates to the state convention, reported as follows:

Your committee to report and select delegates to the state convention leave to report in favor of the following:

ing delegates and alternates to the state convention, who have been selected by this committee, and who are accordingly hereby nominated as delegates and alternates respectively to the state convention, to-wit:

Delegates—Wm. A. Ashbrooke, O. A. Rusler, L. C. Davis, George Bumgarner, James D. Gard, Sylvester Leamon, Willard Smoots, Wm. Bell, Jr., J. V. Hilliard, W. D. Benner, Frank A. Bolton, Chas. L. Flory.

Alternates—J. C. Malone, Perry Snelling, Edward Cady, Setn Albery, James Lisle, Edward Bell, Budd Jackson, Edward Kibler, Isaac R. Hill, Herbert Atherton, Frank Gates, Phil B. Smythe.

Respectfully submitted,  
EDW. KIBLER, Chairman.  
FRANK GATES, Secretary.

## TODAY'S MARKETS.

East Liberty, May 24.—Cattle light, steady; hogs, slow; sheep, slow.

Chicago, May 24.—Today's closing: July wheat 73½; corn 61½; oats 35½; pork, \$17.

## Groceries.

(Corrected by J. M. Browne & Sons.)  
Creamery butter ..... 24  
Butter, Country ..... 20  
Eggs ..... 13  
Home Mills Flour (1-4) ..... \$1 25  
Clover Leaf Flour ..... 65 to \$1 30  
Home Mills Flour (1-2) ..... 65  
Gold Medal Flour (1-4) ..... 1 25  
Cream Cheese ..... 16-18  
Swiss Cheese ..... 20  
Potatoes ..... 1 20  
Lard ..... 14  
Sugar, lump ..... 5½  
Sugar, brown ..... 5½  
Sugar, granulated ..... 6  
Sugar, a coffee ..... 6  
Roasted Coffee, bulk ..... 15-35  
Mackerel ..... 10-25

## Today's Local Hay and Grain.

(Corrected by C. S. Brown.)

Hay—Timothy, new per ton ..... \$9 50  
Corn, per bushel ..... 70  
Straw, per ton ..... 4 50  
Wheat, per bushel ..... 80  
Oats, per bushel ..... 45

## Retail Meat Market.

(Corrected by Chas. Metz & Bros.)  
Beacon ..... 14-15  
Bolling meat ..... 8-11  
Chuck Roast ..... 11  
Porterhouse steak ..... 29  
Pork Chops ..... 12½-15  
Rib Roast ..... 12½  
Beef chuck roast ..... 11  
Beef Rump roast ..... 10-12½  
Veal Loin roast ..... 12½-15  
Veal Rib and chuck roast ..... 12½  
Beef boiling meat ..... 8-11  
Veal to boil and stew ..... 10-12½  
Mutton ..... 10-15  
Boiled ham ..... 30  
Whole ham ..... 14  
Breakfast Bacon ..... 15  
Pickled Pork ..... 12½  
Corned beef ..... 7-9  
Pork sausage ..... 12½  
Lamb ..... 18-20

## A THEME FOR A POET.

Charge of the Light Brigade Done by Minnesotans.

The story of the disaster to Sickles' corps at Gettysburg is well known to all who are familiar with that battle. General Hancock spared what troops he could from Cemetery Ridge to support Sickles. While he was out strengthening the line on the flank and rear of Sickles he saw a brigade of Wilcox's Confederates dashing forward upon a Federal battery. The First Minnesota stood behind the guns, the only troops in sight. Pointing to the charging column, he said to the leader of the Minnesotans, "Colonel Colville, advance and take those colors!" The red battleflags of the enemy were now clearly distinguished through the smoke than the ranks of the men who bore them.

A thousand muskets on the Confederate reserve swept the field to clear the way for Wilcox's advance. The Minnesotans held their fire as they marched forward, losing men at every step. Finally the flanks of Wilcox's hue closed round the charging band, barely a handful compared to the division confronting them. The first volley was delivered at arms' length, and with a wild dash from the leading files the Confederate colors were seized. Before Wilcox could rally his followers the Federal batteries opened on them, and the danger to the line on Cemetery Ridge was over.

But what of the First Minnesota? There were 292 officers and men in line when the charge opened. Forty-seven rallied on the return. Not a man was missing, for none surrendered or left the ranks under fire. Forty-seven marched back to the ridge, seventy-five lay dead or dying where they fell, and 140 were wounded.

## THE SICK

Case Sampson is on the sick list.  
John Hand of the E. H. Everett glass works is on the sick list.  
Pat McGinley of East Newark, is confined to his home with sickness.

# REPUBLICAN

## COUNTY CONVENTION MEETS AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

Ickes and Anti-Ickes Slates for State Delegates—Carl Norpell Made Chairman.

The Republican county convention was called to order at 10:45 o'clock Saturday by Arthur Wyeth, of Liberty township, chairman of the County Executive committee.

This was 45 minutes later than the time published in the call, the time being consumed by Postmaster Ickes and his lieutenants in going about among the delegates, attempting to stem the tide of defeat which looked as if it had early set in against them. The anti-Ickes slate included the name of W. W. Neal for state delegate, and before this morning the Ickes men were telling how they were going to defeat Neal, but when they got in the convention they found that Mr. Neal was so strong that he could not be defeated. So they reluctantly put Neal's name on their tickets. They also found they could by no means defeat Earl W. Murphy of the Sixth ward, and a number of trades were attempted, to save some of their slate by allowing Murphy and Neal to be elected.

Attorney Carl Norpell was selected chairman and in a brief speech acknowledged the honor, and proceeded with the business.

James I. Edgerly was elected secretary and A. B. Painter assistant secretary.

Chairman Norpell appointed the following committees:

Credentials—G. C. Daugherty, chairman, W. H. Neff, S. L. Redman, C. B. Slack, J. O. Harris.

Resolutions—J. S. Fulton, chairman, O. A. Pierson, J. T. Harris, J. H. Rodgers, E. W. Murphy.

Rules and Order of Business—W. A. Irvine, chairman, A. H. Rickert, S. L. Clemmons, Gottlieb Flohr, M. M. Gillett.

The roll call for central committeemen in the townships and wards was then had.

Delegate C. M. Humes moved that the central committee meet the first Saturday in June for organization and the selection of an executive committee. F. M. Black objected to this on the ground that the candidate to be nominated for county offices, in the fall, usually had something to say about the selection of an executive committee. Humes' motion to organize on the first Saturday in June, carried.

A motion was made by Smith Redman that when the convention adjourned it should meet the last Saturday in August; this was amended by W. H. Neff, to fix the time for the 2nd of August; this was amended by G. C. Daugherty to fix the time for the last Saturday in June; W. A. Irvine moved another amendment to fix the time for the third Saturday in September.

Daugherty and Irvine both spoke in favor of their respective amendments, Neff withdrawing his amendment.

Mr. Irvine acknowledged the fact, that the Republicans had no idea of electing any county officer except commission, and for this he was vigorously called down by S. L. James.

Daugherty's amendment carried, after Laverty's had been lost, and the Republican nominating convention will be held the last Saturday in June.

The convention then recessed until 1 o'clock.

At the afternoon session the delegates to the state convention will be selected and the issue is very well defined. The Ickes people put forth the following slate:

F. L. Beggs, Eighth ward; M. M. Gillett, Third ward; Richard Collins, Fourth ward; W. W. Neal, Fifth ward; J. Sample, Granville; A. E. Benedict, Washington; W. A. Irvine, First ward; J. S. Graham, McKean; J. A. Roberts, Hanover; Henry Brooks, Lima.

The anti-Ickes slate has on it the following names, W. W. Neal's appearing on both tickets:

W. W. Neal, Fifth ward; John A. Chilcote, Fourth ward; Earl W. Murphy, Sixth ward; R. W. Smith, Third ward; John Fulton, Seventh ward; Joshua Stark, Granville township; Dr. C. D. Watkins, Etna; G. H. Brown, Perry; W. D. Stoughton, Bennington; O. A. Pierson, Jersey.

The anti-Ickes people have a majority on each committee except the credentials, for which they do not care

as there are no contests. The chairman Carl Norpell, is a Harry Daugherty man, and is claimed by neither local faction, ruling with eminent fairness to each. The secretary, James Edgerly is an out-spoken anti-Ickes man.

Chairman Norpell called the convention to order for the afternoon session at 1:15 o'clock.

The committee on rules and order of business, by their chairman, M. M. Gillette, reported, which report was adopted.

The committee on credentials by their chairman, G. C. Daugherty, reported no contests.

The Resolutions committee reported, endorsing the administration of President Roosevelt and Governor George K. Nash, and another urging harmony.

J. M. Ickes handed another set of resolutions to the committee, drawn by himself, including one endorsing the action of Senators Hanna and Foraker, and another congratulating Attorney General Knox in his fight on trusts. The Ickes resolutions never got out of the committee. The fact that right on the heels of Ickes' appointment as postmaster the County Republican convention adopted a set of resolutions that never mentioned either of the Senators, who made his appointment possible, is significant of the way the convention felt on his appointment.

M. M. Gillette was authorized to select delegates to the Congressional convention. Gillette is Licking county's candidate.

Twenty names were placed in nomination for delegates to the State convention, and on motion of F. M. Black amended by W. H. Neff, it was decided that the chairman of each delegation cast the vote of that precinct; that the ten receiving the highest number be declared delegates, the next highest alternates.

F. M. Black reported the list of delegates to the Circuit Judicial Convention to be held in Mansfield.

The convention then proceeded to ballot for State delegates.

**ICKES' TICKET WINS.**  
The following delegates were selected:

F. L. Beggs, Eighth ward; Melville Gillett, Third ward; Richard Collins, Fourth ward; W. W. Neal, Fifth ward; W. A. Irvine, First ward; John Sample, Granville; A. E. Benedict, Washington; J. S. Graham, McKean tp; Dr. J. O. Roberts, Hanover tp; Henry Brooks, Lima tp.

Prof. Atwell, C. D. Watkins, E. W. Murphy, R. W. Smith, G. H. Brown, W. H. Stoughton, J. A. Chilcote, W. H. Smith, J. S. Fulton, W. D. Gilbert were chosen alternates.

**E. W. GROVE.**  
This name must appear on every box of genuine Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

**NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.**  
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and qualified administrator of the estate of Frances D. Stewart, late of Licking county, Ohio, deceased, by the Probate Court of said county. Dated May 17, 1902.

**NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.**  
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and qualified administrator of the estate of Nancy J. Redman, late of Licking county, Ohio, deceased, by the Probate Court of said county. Dated May 17, 1902.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
Case No. 1128.  
The Johnstown Building and Loan Association Company  
vs.  
Hettie Hockenberry, et al.  
By virtue of an Order of Sale to me directed, from the Court of Common Pleas, of Licking County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at the door of the Court House, (south side) in the city of Newark, in said County of Licking and State of Ohio, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 14th, 1902, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., of said day, the following described real estate, situate in the County of Licking, in the State of Ohio, and in the city of Newark, and bounded and described as follows:

Being forty (40) feet taken off the north side of inlet Number twenty-two hundred and fifty (250) in said city. Being the same real estate conveyed to the said grantor by Jennie E. Jones and husband by deed dated August 27th, 1901, recorded in Volume 192, page 65 of Records of Deeds, reference to which is made. Said real estate in located at No. 48 Grand avenue in said city.

Terms of Sale—Cash on day of sale.  
W. H. ANDERSON, Jr., Sheriff.  
Kibler & Kibler, Attorneys.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**  
Case No. 11812.  
Geo. W. Bragg et al.  
vs.  
George W. Bragg et al.  
By virtue of an Order of Sale to me directed, from the Court of Common Pleas, of Licking County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at the door of the Court House, (south side) in the city of Newark, in said County of Licking and State of Ohio, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 14th, 1902, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., of said day, the following described real estate, situate in the County of Licking, State of Ohio, and the City of Newark, and being lot Number forty hundred and fifty-seven (457) in the City of Newark, reference to which is made. Said real estate in located at No. 48 Grand avenue in said city.

Terms of Sale—Cash on day of sale.  
W. H. ANDERSON, Jr., Sheriff.  
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Terms of Sale—Cash on day of sale.  
W. H. ANDERSON, Jr., Sheriff.  
Kibler & Kibler, Attorneys.

# B. & O. EXCURSIONS

Excursion tickets are sold every Sunday between all local stations west of the Ohio river on the Baltimore & Ohio at rate of one fare for the round trip, good going and returning on date of sale only.

**MEMORIAL DAY**—On May 29 and 30 the Baltimore and Ohio railroad company will sell low rate excursion tickets to all points west of Pittsburgh within a radius of 150 miles from selling station. Tickets will be good for return until May 31, 1902.

**CALIFORNIA**—May 26 to June 7, inclusive, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co. will sell low rate excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., account Imperial Council, Ayobes of Mystic Shrine, good to return 60 days from date of sale.

**FINDLAY, O.**—June 2, 3 and 4, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co. will sell excursion tickets from all local stations in Ohio to Findlay, O., at rate of one fare for the round trip, account Sunday School Association of Ohio. Tickets will be good for return until June 7, 1902.

**CLEVELAND, O.**—May 26 and 27, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations in Ohio to Cleveland, Ohio, at rate of one fare for the round trip, account Ohio Republican State Convention. Tickets will be good for return until May 29,



# THE PRINCIPLES OF DEMOCRACY.

## An Entertaining Narrative of the Glorious Achievements of the Grand Party of the People.

### Masterly Address at the May Meeting by Judge Samuel M. Hunter.

#### The Speaker Goes Back to the Foundation of the Great Republic And Points With Pride to the Party's Record--Past and Living Issues Both Eloquenty Presented.

At the Democratic May meeting in the Court House Saturday, Judge Samuel M. Hunter, of this city, delivered an eloquent and brilliant address on "Democracy." The speech was an entertaining historical narrative in part, reviewing the great achievements of this grand party of the common people and giving every hearer cause to be proud of membership in a party with such a record. The Judge dealt not alone with past achievements, but came down to living issues of the day and showed in a happy and convincing manner that the attitude of the Democratic party is the right one. But let the Judge speak for himself. The address which is pronounced one of the best efforts that has ever been heard in the city on the subject is presented in full below:

Fellow Citizens and Democrats:

I thank your county committee for this invitation to speak to this annual meeting of the Licking County Democracy. I have been somewhat humiliated at hearing Democrats apologizing for the Democratic party or excusing themselves for being Democrats. Whoever does this is wrong, and does violence to the history of the party and the country. No party in the history of our race has done so much for the progress of our country or the liberty of its people. But these things you will not hear always in the school books, nor in the histories that have been written since the civil war. For since that time our so-called histories have been written by the enemies of the Democratic party, and all political subjects are little else than Republican documents in disguise. For instance, it is hardly a first class history that devotes three pages to Putnam and the wolf and three lines to the expedition of Col. George Rogers Clark. In the revolution when he conquered the whole northwest territory from the British.

In all governments by the people, there must necessarily be at least two parties. This is because in all such governments, the great bulk of the people belong to one or the other of two great classes. To one, belong those who lack individuality and independence of mind and who are disposed to devolve responsibility of all kinds upon the government; and hence are in favor of what is wrongly called a strong government, and their desire and tendency is to vest more and stronger power in the hands of the officers, and with less and less responsibility to the people themselves. The other class are those who believe in individuality and independence, who have an abiding confidence in the people themselves, and whose tendency and desire to keep all power more and more in the hands of the people. This was the beginning of the division between the colonists and the mother country which brought on the revolution.

After the revolution the Americans substantially divided themselves into the same two classes. This division first showed itself in the convention that framed the constitution of the United States. The one class under the leadership of Alexander Hamilton, were in favor of making the government hereditary and strong, with England for a model, with a chief magistrate for life and kingly prerogatives; having senators for life, and as near like a house of lords as possible. No one to hold office or to vote without a stiff property qualification. These were the Federalists and the predecessors of the present Republican party.

The others were under the lead of James Madison and Jefferson, who believed in leaving the power with the people, making all officers possible elective by the people with short

terms of office, and direct responsibility to the people, and all the people equal before the law. This was called the Republican party, and is the predecessor of the Democratic party. These divisions were left in abeyance until near the end of Washington's second term, when they became distinct and bitterly antagonistic. And from that day to this the people of this country have been arrayed substantially under these two parties or their successors. The Federalist was succeeded by the Whig and the Whig by the Know Nothing and the present Republican party. The old Republican party of Madison and Jefferson was succeeded by the Democratic party. And all this time the one party has been in favor of great power in the hands of the government and its officers; and the other in favor of great power in the people and its direct and responsible representatives, and sustained by a strict construction of the constitution.

Out of this conflict came the names of three great men. Hamilton, who was the father of the United States bank, Madison, who was the father of the American Constitution, and Jefferson, who was the father of the Democratic party, and who crystallized its foundation principles. He, more than any other man of the time foresaw and appreciated the future of his country, and demonstrated that our country must rest upon the freedom, intelligence and patriotism of the people, and if it could not rest there, it must disintegrate in wreck and disaster. He foresaw that our country could never be safe under the shadow of a great centralized government of force; but only was safe when in theory and fact it was a government of the people, by the people and for the people, and where the officers were servants and the people sovereigns. You must not think that I am only saying something elementary, but I tell you I am going to apply these principles by and by to what now is before your eyes.

Jefferson promulgated these foundation principles of the Democratic party, as follows:

First, All power to be inherent in the people.

Second, The greatest liberty to the citizen, consistent with public order.

Third, The sovereignty of the States, local self government, and the national government limited solely to national concerns.

Fourth, Equal rights to all, special privileges to none.

With these great principles clearly anchored in his mind, Jefferson, the writer of the Declaration of Independence and the great founder of the Democratic party, in the year 1787, framed the celebrated ordinance of 1787 for the government of the Territory northwest of the river Ohio. This wonderful plan of free government was drawn before the Constitution of the United States, and was the first written form of free government ever made since the foundation of the world. On its model was the Constitution of the United States formed, as well as the constitution of every state in the Union. Jefferson had the most absolute faith in the patriotism, intelligence and good sense of the people. He believed they might make mistakes, but never go wilfully wrong, and soon as they discovered their wrong would right it. He believed all power was rightly inherited in them and his enemies still tinged with monarchical ideas, in derision called him and his party, Democrats. He means government by the people, and by a people, where all, rich and poor, great and humble, should be equal before the law. He believed that all

questions concerning the government or the people, should be submitted to the people, that there should be free and fair and frequent elections, so that the people themselves should give the proper instructions to their representatives and servants. He believed that every officer should be elected by the people when the same was possible or could be made possible. He believed that the very best plan to have good and honest officers, was to elect them by the people, so that they would be responsible to the people, and not simply to the individual who happened to have the power to appoint them, and who made the appointment simply to reward the party for political services rendered the officer who does the appointing. That in the election of officers there is nothing secret, the fitness of the applicant is canvassed at the nomination and afterwards at the election.

Jefferson and the Democratic party believed in the greatest freedom to the individual, consistent with good order. He believed that as long as one man did no illegal wrong to another, that he might have free speech, free press, free discussion, vote for whom he pleased, decide what he should eat and what he should drink, come and go when and where he pleased, work for whom he pleased, and buy where he can buy the cheapest and sell where he can sell the dearest, and in short, be a MAN, and a free man at that. Jefferson and the Democratic party believed in the sovereignty of the sovereign States of this Union, and that the States when the constitution was adopted, retained all the rights and powers, not specifically granted to the federal government, as provided in Article 9, "The powers not delegated to the United States by this constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States or to the people."

Jefferson and the Democratic party believe in local self-government, and not a government by commission appointed by some executive or some other appointing power. That every State and every municipality should have its own self-government, elected by the people of said State or said municipality. That all plans and subterfuges for taking away the right of the people to elect their own local officers, are simply to have officers that are in opposition to the will of the people, and who will carry out the private views, whims and political enemies of the appointing power, so that they are not responsible to the people, but consider themselves the officer of the officer who appointed them, and who pays his political or other debts by that means, and making himself a political boss by his appointing machinery.

What Jefferson foresaw is now plain to us by our experience, that the best and most honest and efficient officers, and most responsible to the people, are those elected by the people and not those who are appointed.

But the corner stone of the principles of Jefferson and the Democratic party is the maxim which is above all, "equal rights to all and special privileges to none." Without this the people are not equal before the law. Without this we are not a free people; without this we can never reach safety or perpetuity; without this all men do not have a fair and equal chance before the law to get on in the world; without this the rich become richer, and the poor poorer. Without this the people become justly discontented and disheartened, and when discontent and hopelessness are caused by this injustice, then love of country and patriotism shrivels up and dies. Based on this principle, Jefferson and the Democratic party have stood like a stone wall, for equal rights to all and special privileges to none, from the revolution down.

In the year 1800, the people of the United States being strongly in accord with the Democratic party and Jefferson, he was elected President, and from that time to the opening of the civil war, the government was carried on under that principle by the Democratic party. If a proposition that was in accord with those principles and was wise it was adopted, if not so in accord it was set aside. During all that time, through our early weakness, through danger and distress, hard times, wars and ramors of war, the government was administered on those principles. The people were the object and the officers the instrument, and this country prospered and progressed in a way that is unparalleled in the history of the world.

The people of the country, and especially those who train with the Democratic party, must feel their hearts throb with pride and exultation for all that party has done, going it by the people and for the people. In 1800 it found the flag of the Union with but 15 stars, but in 1861 that party had added 15 more to the shining flag. The Democratic party made the American flag, and made it respected and honored a hundred years ago, when we were a weak nation, among the nations of the world. There is no time today nor in a dozen days, to recite all the great things done for our country by our own matchless party. But while that party was making the history of the country, that history was written by its enemies.

Jefferson in 1803, found that his federal predecessor made a cowardly and disgraceful treaty with the Barbary States, by which the American government agreed to pay an annual tribute to the Barbary pirates, if they would not capture American ships on the high seas. And every year an American man of war, stars and stripes and all, was sent to the north of Africa, to carry several thousands of dollars of this tribute money to the Dey of Algiers, our own coined gold, with the eagle and all. But Jefferson and the Democratic party would not stand for this disgrace, and instead of sending the tribute, weak as our navy was, he sent men of war, under the flag of the Union, but not loaded with tribute money, but with ammunition and brave men, and the American guns were heard in the bay of Tripoli, and the pirate forts were knocked about their heads in Algiers and stopped the payment of tribute and the capture of American ships by pirates at once and forever. Jefferson found all the land between the Mississippi and the Pacific ocean a howling wilderness, under the dominion of Spain and France in 1803. He found the mouth of the Mississippi closed to American navigation, except by paying tribute to foreign nations; he found our western States discontented at the tribute which they had to pay for the navigation of the Father of Waters. That wonderful man with a far seeing eye beheld the enormous possibilities of that great territory, and at the very nick of time, backed by the Democratic party, purchased the whole region from Napoleon, and that just as it was about to fall into the hands of England, and thereby he doubled the expanse of our territory. But this was no war of conquest. Out of this territory fifteen great states have been carved, and into which were carried the Declaration of Independence and free government by the people, and fifteen States added to the Union and fifteen stars added to the flag.

Jefferson was succeeded by Madison, the father of the constitution in 1808. He was a Democrat, and backed by that party, after making every effort to protect our country from the cruel and unjust assaults of England on our sailors and commerce, under the flag of "free trade and sailor's rights" went to war with England, great as she was, and whipped her to a finish on land and sea. It was the second war of independence. And in spite of the treason and opposition of New England, which held its Hartford conventions and hung out blue lights to guide the British ships to land. It was a glorious war. We proved to the world that England was no longer Mistress of the seas, and at New Orleans, under great Andrew Jackson, we proved that American riflemen were more than a match for the trained veterans of Wellington. It was then, in 1815, and not since that our country became a world power.

And so the time ran on—the Democratic party in control of every branch of the government. State after State was admitted to the Union and star after star was added to the flag, by the Democratic party. In 1816, Monroe, another splendid Democrat was elected President, and backed by the Democratic party, he annexed Florida, and established the Declaration of Independence and free government there and she became a sovereign State of the Union. It was during his term of office that Europe was convulsed with wars and revolutions, and it was then that he announced that broad and far-reaching doctrine, which bears his name, which proclaimed to the world, that this continent should be absolutely free from European invasion or aggression, and stood ready to support his doctrine with all our power.

And so the time went on. New States and new stars added to the Union, and the Democratic party dominant all over the country. Then came Andrew Jackson, the grandest

and most conspicuous figure of his age, and who in a vigorous manner applied the doctrines of Jefferson to the problems of his own time. He found the United States Bank, operating under the most overgrown and overpowering and tyrannical special privileges, granted by the charter of Alexander Hamilton. Jackson found this overgrown, monstrosity, using and abusing its special privileges to oppress the weak, to overawe the people, to meddle in politics and control elections; and he removed the government deposit from its vaults, and which deposits were one of its special privileges, and went down. It was living on the special privilege of these deposits, and when they were withdrawn its life went out of it. And the Democratic party stood by Old Hickory to the end.

Then in 1845 came the annexation of Texas by the Democratic party and the war with Mexico, where the American troops and the American flag, without the loss of a battle, laid Mexico at their feet. But it was no miserable war of conquest. The American troops were withdrawn, California annexed, and Mexico left to herself. Every foot of territory that has been annexed to this country, and which has been erected into States, has been annexed by the Democratic party. And in every part of it is the Declaration of Independence and government by the people.

It is so utterly absurd and idiotic to behold the Republican party plume itself on the flag, as though it was not so much the flag of the Union as the flag of that party—as though its leaders had a prescriptive right to it, as though they placed every star on its folds. Why, the Republican party is a creature of today. It was organized in 1856 out of the fragments of the old Whig and Know Nothing parties. Who took care of the flag and where was it before the Republican party was born? Fellow citizens, it was in the hands of its friends, the Democratic party. Out of seventeen States that were added to the Union prior to the civil war, all but two were added by the Democratic party. Why, my fellow citizens, take from our country all that has been added to it and done for it by the Democratic party, and what have you left?

In 1861 the Republican party took charge of the government in all its branches, and the dark cloud of the civil war enveloped the country. The Southern States by seceding from the Union, did a useless, a foolish and a criminal act, and bitterly have they suffered for it. The Democratic party was always in favor of the Union and the constitution, and determined that not only one alone, but both should be preserved. Clinging to the constitution and to that union, the young men of the Democratic party swarmed into the army of the Union and testified to their devotion on more than a hundred hard fought battles, and shed their blood, and left their bones on the field where they fell. But in all that struggle the Democratic party clung to the constitution as the shipwrecked mariner clings to the last plank, when the night and the tempest closes around him; for what would be the Union without the constitution? and that party resisted fiercely every effort of the Republican party to break it and the liberties of the people down. And that our constitution was preserved, the writ of habeas corpus and the rights of the States, is owing more to the Democratic party than any other agency.

After the war, the Republican party had control of the government, and as a result, all those wise principles of Jefferson, and of which our government had prospered and the people happy, were ignored and swept away. Instead of all political power being inherent in the people, the object and aim of the present rule is to ignore the people, and foster a privileged, a plutocratic and a corporation aristocracy. No one dare say a word in behalf of the common people, but he is fiercely denounced as a populist and a demagogue.

Instead of granting the greatest liberty to the citizen consistent with good order, his liberty is restrained in a hundred different ways. Laws are passed to dictate what he shall eat and what he shall drink, how his family shall be reared and how much education they shall have. The right to follow certain common means of livelihood is placed under certain commissions appointed by the governor. Government by injunction has become the law of the land and trial by jury is being relegated to the past; and the judge usurps the function of the jury, and sends to jail whom he pleases for what he construes to be contempt of court. Federal judges by the insidious process of construction, are usurp-

ing the power which belongs of right to the courts of the states. So that justice has become expensive, difficult and in many cases impossible to the poor.

The sovereignty of the states is belittled, and by the same process of construction is being frittered away, and the party in power, inspired by the great money corporations are clamoring for more inroads by the Federal Government on the rights of the states. So that the time is approaching when they will cease to be states and become mere satraps of the National Government.

Local self-government is fast becoming a myth. The Republican party has no faith in the people and will not trust them. It has absolutely abolished self-government in the District of Columbia.

Law after law is passed by our State Legislature taking the right by ripper bills, from the people of our cities and towns, of governing themselves. When the constitution of the State was first adopted it provided that municipal corporations should be governed by general laws and not by special acts of incorporation; and for years after 1851 the plan was found to be a wise one and simple way of governing municipalities, but after the Republican party took charge of the state, it proceeded with its loose construction of the constitution to rip up old established governments by the people in cities. The object of which was to take away the right of the people to vote for their officers, and vest their appointment in the hands of the governor or one of his commissions. And all this, not for the public welfare, but simply to put the city in the hands of officers who are in political accord with the appointing power, and whom the people did not want and would never elect—all responsibility of such officers being to the governor and not to the people. Until it had become fashionable to pass ripper bills the general law of the State, passed in 1852, was amply sufficient for any municipal corporation, great or small.

The people are not permitted to elect many of their state officers, the Republican party having made them appointive, and so vested them as a private snap in the hands of the governor. Jefferson believed in electing them all by the people. Yet we have the railroad commissioner, the insurance commissioner, the labor commissioner, the building commissioner, and a host of other state officers and state commissions, who are appointed by the governor. These officers have practically no responsibility to the people, the people are not consulted, and these officers only render allegiance to the individual that appointed them, becoming simply a part of his political machine, and to push his political chances. It is all wrong, fearfully wrong. Something is wrong with these appointive officers, and boards and commissions all the time. It they were elected by the people, according to the principles of Jefferson and the Democratic party, we would have better, more honest and more efficient officers, and that because they could have no official relations except with the people; and nothing would come between them and the people I will go a step farther. I am satisfied that if all our State charitable institutions were placed under one Board of five members, with a term of five years, one elected by the people each year, with a decent salary, and giving all their time to their duties, and responsible to no one but the people and the law of the state, as other elective officers are, they could take charge of all these institutions and we would have a good, economical and efficient management of them all, and this, too, without the usual scandals. The people seldom make a mistake with an elective officer, and when they do, the cure comes quick and sharp at the next election.

But there never was a greater wrong done, than when the Republican party trampled under foot that corner stone of the Democratic party, "equal rights to all and special privileges to none." The old farmer republic is gone. There is no longer a fair chance for the individual against the corporation. Everything we eat, drink, wear or use is in the hands of gigantic corporations, and the individual must work for one of them or not work at all. He dare not mention his grievances, nor show any independence of character, for if he does he is discharged and blacklisted, and he must absolutely sacrifice his manhood, starve or do worse. Where is his hope? What chance has he to rise or better his condition? Why do these things come about? They come about by the government granting special privileges to the masters, that they don't grant to the men.

So, capital combines into corporations; but not satisfied with that the corporations combine into trusts. Some of the plants were wrecked, closed and the men discharged, in order that production might be reduced and prices

An individual who becomes in debt, must pay it if it takes all his property, whether it is his business or not. A corporation breaks up, and nothing but the property of the corporation is taken, and the property of the owners goes free. This is one of the special privileges. The rights and privileges are not equal, the corporation may take any risk, lose all and the private fortune of the owner is safe. Not so with the individual. With these privileges they operate without limitation, as such slight limitations as the laws impose are not enforced, and they easily purchase immunity from prosecution by large donations to the campaign fund of the Republican party, their foster mother. They should be restrained as to size. There is no business necessity nor moral necessity for their being so overgrown. Two corporations of one hundred thousand capital are worth more than one with twice the capital to the community. But even the special privilege of being a corporation would not cause all these evils, were there not other special privileges connected closely with them. The greatest of these is the tariff. A tariff for revenue only is all right; but a tariff simply for the special protection of certain favored individuals or corporations because they happen to be manufacturers, and at the expense of the rest of the people, is simply robbery. This tariff for protection is simply a special privilege which the government grants to certain favorites, by raising the price of their products, at the expense of the other people. By its means the price other people have to pay is raised and the increase is paid into the pockets of the favored ones. Why should money be taken out of my pocket and placed in the pocket of any manufacturer? Why should a man or woman, who love his country, and who makes a dollar a day, take twenty-five cents of it and hand it over to a manufacturer who is making a hundred dollars a day? This tariff gives the privileged one a monopoly of the products of this country, and all other products are excluded by the tariff. The sewing machine which is manufactured in this country is sent to England and sold there cheaper than here, and that is because the tariff raises the price here, and because the price is higher here the privileged one is able to sell cheaper there, and yet he doesn't love his country any more than any other man.

Take the question of patent rights. In the early days of this country patent rights were granted for new devices or machines, and the inventor was properly given the exclusive right to manufacture and sell the machine for a certain number of years; but the old law provided that he must manufacture and put on sale his machine, at a reasonable price within two years, or any one could manufacture it, and so the public got the benefit of his improvement. But the Republican party couldn't bear that the public should have the benefit, so the law was changed, and all that is necessary now is for some big corporation to get hold of it, then they may refuse to manufacture, they may refuse to sell to any one and keep the machines themselves, and allow no one else to use them. They may rent them out at such rent as they please. This is the case with the Bell telephone, and shoemaking machinery. No one could buy any of this shoemaking machinery for love or money. If that could be done, then how many of our old shoemakers could buy these machines and set up a little factory of his own. But he is shut out. And although these machines have stopped him from making a living at his trade, he is not permitted to use them for himself in his trade; and it is to prevent him from setting up a little establishment of his own that they shut him off from the machines.

And so these special privileges are poisoning and destroying the whole body politic, and is it any wonder that the rich are growing richer and the poor poorer? I can not mention them all, but what I have said, yourselves can apply to a hundred other things.

Why should the great packing houses of the west have the special privilege of putting barbed wire fences around square miles of government land in the west, and pasture cattle upon it, except for the purpose of competing with the farmers of this and other states? They pay nothing for it except what they donate to the Republican campaign fund. It is only another special privilege.

So, capital combines into corporations; but not satisfied with that the corporations combine into trusts. Some of the plants were wrecked, closed and the men discharged, in order that production might be reduced and prices

(Continued on page 4, 6th col.)







# CLIFF L. STURGEON

16 West Main Street.

Will continue the **LOW PRICES**  
on Potatoes, Hams, Lard and  
Flour until further notice.

The only way in the world I can afford to sell so cheap is to buy everything in large lots and discount my bills. My trade is now three times what it was a year ago, so small margins satisfy me. "I don't want the earth anyway."

## NO, I DON'T

want to sell my business, nor take in a partner. Some one started these reports and I have had numerous chances to sell, but it is false. Just as long as I am blessed with a reasonable degree of health, and can hire good men to assist me, I will continue to be my own boss and do business at 16 West Main street, Newark, Ohio.

I have a large working force now, and on Monday Mr. Lester Wise of New Washington, O., formerly a partner of Mr. Rugg at Alexandria, in general merchandise, will begin work for me. Mr. Wise is well and favorably known and comes highly recommended.

### STURGEON'S REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

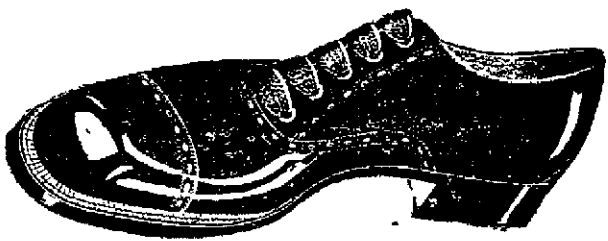
If you want to buy, sell or exchange, come and see me.

# CLIFF L. STURGEON

16 West Main Street.

## SAMPLE SHOE STORE!

BE COOL, BE COMFORTABLE



Newest Styles in Men's Oxfords  
Low in Price, Good in Quality.

Are you hot? Get a pair of our low shoes and be cool and comfortable. We carry what you want—a big selection of the newest lasts and all the popular leathers—Vici Kid, Velour Calf, Patent Calf, Enamel and Ideal Kid. Our prices are: \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 a pair. Buy or be merely curious, but call and see them anyway.

## The Sample Shoe Store

Henry Beckman, Proprietor.



120 Moull street, Newark, Ohio.  
Alpine Safe and Lock Co.,  
Cincinnati, Ohio.  
Alpine Fire Proof Safe.  
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Consult us before buying.  
FRANK J. SCHIMPF, Agent.

## Life Insurance and Loans

M. B. & G. A. Lefever, Gen Agents  
UNION CENTRAL LIFE INS. CO.  
15 1/2 North Third Street, Newark.

## GOLDEN WEDDING

Celebrated by Mr. and Mrs. Jacob W. Smart at Gratiot on Last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob W. Smart celebrated their golden wedding anniversary Wednesday, May 21, 1902, at Gratiot, Ohio. There were six children and twenty-seven grand children present. The children present from Columbus were E. J. Smart, Mrs. E. A. Judy and Mrs. Thomas Nolan. Those from Newark were Thomas F. Smart, W. M. Smart and Mrs. E. A. Howard. Mrs. Harvey Dunn of Columbus was unable to be present. Others present from Columbus, E. A. Judy, Mrs. E. J. Smart and Miss Catherine Coleman. Others from Newark were Mrs. T. F. Smart, E. A. Howard, and Mrs. W. M. Smart. Those from Gratiot were Mrs. S. Stanford, Thomas and Charles Smart. Mr. Noah Varner of Cottage Hill was also present. A sumptuous dinner was served, and the afternoon was spent in a very pleasant way. Several nice presents were received by Mr. and Mrs. Jacob W. Smart.

### Note on Art.

"And why," we asked the managing board of the great Paris salon, "did you not hang the painting of D'Auber, the great American artist?" "Because," replied the managing board, "when we considered the painter we couldn't decide between hanging and burning at the stake." Of course the point is that it takes the foreign vigilance committees a long time to make up their minds anyhow.—Baltimore News.



### German Churches.

German Presbyterian.  
Preaching in German 10 a. m. Sunday school 8:30 a. m.; preaching in English 7 p. m., subject, "Show Thyself a Man" I Kings, 2:2.

### Second Presbyterian.

Prof. Williams will occupy the pulpit of the Second Presbyterian church tomorrow morning. Subject of his sermon, "The Use and Abuse of this World."

### Trinity Episcopal.

Rev. George W. Van Fossen, rector. Trinity Sunday. Sunday school 9:15. Holy Communion with sermon 10:30. Evening prayer with sermon, 7. Vested choir at both services. Evening prayer meeting and Bible class Wednesday evening at 7:30.

### First Church of Christ, Scientist.

Second floor of Memorial Hall. Services Sunday 10:30 a. m., subject, "Ancient and Modern Necromancy; or, Mesmerism and Hypnotism." Golden text, "For the mystery of iniquity doth already work; only he who now letteth will let, until he be taken out of the way." II. Thessalonians, 2:7. Sunday school 9:45 a. m. Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Reading room open Saturdays from 2 to 5 p. m. All are cordially invited.

### United Brethren.

Sabbath school at 9:30; preaching at 10:30 and 7:30 by Dr. Weekly of Dayton, Ohio. Dr. Weekly is secretary of the Church Extension Society and was formerly a resident of Virginia where he was known as preacher, presiding elder and public speaker. This will be the fourth anniversary of the dedication of the First U. B. church of Newark, Ohio. An anniversary offering will be taken and the Otterbein Male Quartet will sing. You are welcome.

### First Presbyterian.

Morning worship at 10; Memorial services when the G. A. R., U. V. L., S. A. W. V., W. R. C., C. O. G., of the Fourth O. N. G., and kindred organizations will attend in a body. Subject, "The Good Soldier." Evening service at 7, subject, "The Wisdom and Foolishness of Preaching." Sabbath school at 1:15; Junior Endeavor at 3; Endeavor prayer meeting at 6, subject, "A Work for You and for Me." Leader, Mrs. George Lippincott. Your attendance is cordially desired.

### Plymouth Congregational.

Sunday School at 9:30; preaching by the pastor at 10:45, subject, "Reasons for Encouragement in the Record of the Past Four Years." A review of the work of the present pastorate will be given and it is hoped that all the members of the church will be present. Subject for the evening sermon, "The priority of God's Love." All are welcome. The C. E. will meet in the chapel at 6 o'clock, subject, "Missions: A Work for You and a Work for Me." The missionary committee will lead. All young people are cordially invited.

### Fourth Street Church of Christ.

Bible school, 9:30 a. m.; communion and sermon, 1:30 a. m., subject of morning sermon, "Thoughts on Jubilee Convention." Christian Endeavor 5:45. This will be a missionary meeting with Ella Harold as leader. Prayer meeting Wednesday 7:30 p. m., subject, "God's Word as Comfort." Mrs. Gridley will lead. All will be made welcome to these services.

### Y. M. C. A.

Open meeting, Taylor hall, 3:30 p. m. The meeting will be addressed by Rev. W. M. Weekly of Dayton, Ohio. Music by Otterbein Male Quartet of Westerville, Ohio. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

### A. M. E. Church.

Dr. L. W. White, pastor. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. C. E. meeting at 6:30 p. m. Board meeting Monday at 7:30 p. m. C. A. meeting Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Strangers are welcome and the public is invited.

### First M. E. Church.

Class meeting 8:30; Sunday school 9:30; public worship with sermon by the pastor at 10:30; subject, "The Fatherhood of God." Epworth League services at 6 p. m. Sermon by the pastor at 7, on "The Heirs of the Anglo-

## Spring Humors

Come to most people and cause many troubles,—pimples, boils and other eruptions, besides loss of appetite, that tired feeling, fits of biliousness, indigestion and headache.

The sooner one gets rid of them the better, and the way to get rid of them and to build up the system that has suffered from them is to take

## Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Forming in combination the Spring Medicine par excellence, of unequalled strength in purifying the blood as shown by unequalled, radical and permanent cures of

Scrofula Salt Rheum  
Scald Head! Boils, Pimples  
All Kinds of Humor Psoriasis  
Blood Poisoning Rheumatism  
Catarrh Dyspepsia, Etc  
Accept no substitute, but be sure to get Hood's, and get it today.

Saxon Spirit; a Memorial Meditation for the Sons of Veterans." Regular monthly official meeting at 7:15 p. m. on Thursday. Special provision is now made in the Sunday school for adult Bible students. Dr. Wray will welcome all who are not in Bible classes elsewhere.

### Baptist Church.

Preaching by the pastor, B. F. Patt, 10:45 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. E. T. Rugg superintendent. Mission schools 2:30 p. m. B. Y. P. U. 6 p. m. The church choir will give a musical on Monday evening in the auditorium at 8 p. m. Fine vocal talent will assist. Admission free. An offering will be taken.

### St. Francis de Sales.

The subject of the discourse at St. Francis de Sales church tomorrow will be the revised articles of the Presbyterian church in their relation to the Sovereign Pontiff and the creed of Catholics. It will be a continuation of the discourse on the Constitution of the Church, delivered last Sunday. Texts: "Jesus Christ yesterday, today and the same forever." Heb 13:8, and Matt 25:3. "All power is given to me in heaven and earth. Going, therefore, teach all ye nations baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost; teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded ye. And behold I am with you in all days, even to the end of the world." Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament after mass tomorrow.

"Clover Leaf" is the only High Patent sold in Newark. It is the most economical, makes more bread and whiter bread than any other flours, etc.

## For Sale.

Building lots on Indiana, Cedar, Lawrence, Wing, Gay, Eleventh, Twelfth, Maiden, Vine, Pine, Third, Fourth, Church, Locust, Ninth, Granville, Mahoning, Tenth, Columbia and West Main streets. Oakwood, Penney, Dewey, Essex, Central, Madison, Alston, Arlington, Ballard, Ridge, Woods and De-Crow avenues.

Here is your opportunity to locate where you want, at right prices, and your own terms.

## FRED C. EVANS,

27 1-2 South Park.

The Woman's Guild of Trinity Episcopal church will give a New England supper, May 27.

How can an actor elevate the stage when most of them don't seem able to raise even a mustache.

### IN MEMORIAM.

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God, in His wise providence, to take from earth to the eternal home, our beloved friend and associate, William Vogelmeier, Sr., therefore be it

Resolved, That we, as a society, sorrow deeply in the loss of our departed brother who was a model husband and father, a good citizen and neighbor, and an honest upright man; and feel that his loss cannot be repaired on earth.

Resolved, That we extend our deepest sympathy to the bereaved family, and friends, in this sad hour of affliction, and assure them that we mourn with them; but we also rejoice with them in the memory of the good and honored life that has just ended on earth, and we point them to the hoped, a blessed reunion, beyond the grave, where death can never come.

Resolved that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of our deceased friend and also be spread upon the journal of our society and published in one of our city papers.

Fraternally,  
COMMITTEE GERMAN LIFE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

## VISITORS' DAY

Celebrated in the Newark Public Schools on Friday—Program at the Central House.

Visitors' day, which was Friday, was a red letter day for the Newark schools. All the schools in the city except the High school, celebrated the day. Recitations were carried on according to the daily routine, but the pupils and teachers had been busy decorating with flowers, and the walls were covered with the drawings and paintings of the pupils. Chief among the interesting features of the work, was the daily lesson, neatly written and tied in booklet form, the cover of which was decorated according to the taste of the pupil. It is impossible to speak of every school, as it was impossible to visit every school, so it seems fitting to mention only the Central school, and only a couple of rooms there. In the lower hall, where Miss Haughey, the principal, met and greeted each visitor the walls were covered with pictures, the work of the pupils, notable among which were the flags of all nations done in water colors. Miss Foreman's room was visited during the history recitation, the Cuban war being the subject. In Miss Maylone's room a short test in arithmetic and most excellent singing were heard. The time passed all too quickly and before the visitors could realize the hour, school was over for the day. The visitors still lingered in the building, visiting the other rooms, and enjoying the work displayed. All visitors were asked to register in the guest book.

### What Thin Folks Need

Is a greater power of digestion and assimilating food. For them Dr. King's New Life Pills work wonders. They tone and regulate the digestive organs gently expel all poisons from the system, enrich the blood, improve the appetite, make healthy flesh. Only 25c. At Hall's drug store.

## PROGRAM

Of recital Given by the Pupils of Prof. and Mrs. Appy on Friday Evening.

Hope March, four violins, Roe Morrow, Mayme Lawyer, May Van Dusen, Harry Shaw.

Mozart—Rondo, Amanda Burkham; Allegro, Jessie King; Finale, Mayme Solinger; first movement No. 13, Minnie Gray; Finale No. 10, Charliam Pryor; 2, Minuettes, Eva Shaw; Rondo from Rano Concerto, Ev. Kern; Violin Sonata, Ben Pratt; Violin solo, Song, Betha Wick; Spinning Wheel, Schmolli, Effel Benner; La Fleurs, Helen Redman; Longing for Home, Jungmann, Sherman Bages; Romance, Le na Faro; Columbine Minuette, Delahye, Neva Moore; Ballett, Chaminate, Mrs. F. H. Wall; Violin, David, Mr. Weekley; Air de Ballett, Chaminate, Della Cochran; Scene Champetre, Papini, Mr. Weekley, Mr. Pratt, Mr. Wright, Prof. Appy.

After the program light refreshments were served.

All grocers keep "Clover Leaf" Flour. If you have never used it, buy a sack and note the improvement in your bread.

Seeds Sent to Soldiers. Fifty-five thousand packages of vegetable and flower seeds, according to the Cleveland Plain Dealer, are being sent to the British troops in the South African blockades by an English firm of florists to enable them to relieve the monotony of their existence.

Vesuvius Near Collapse. The Italian government has stationed dispatch boats along the coast fronting on Mount Vesuvius, warning vessels to keep at a safe distance, as the main precipice looking toward Pompeii is about to fall in. All roads leading to the summit are closed.

### A STUBBORN COLD OR BRONCHITIS.

yields more readily to Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil than to anything that you can take, and if persistently used a few days, will break up the cold.

When you awake in the night choked up and coughing hard, take a dose of the Emulsion, and you will get immediate relief, where no cough medicine will give you relief. It has a soothing and healing effect upon the throat and bronchial tubes.

Sent for Free Sample  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.

## MARSHALL FIELD AND CO.'S WAREHOUSE MANAGER

Cured of Catarrh of Kidneys by Pe-ru-na.



HON. JOHN T. SHEAHAN, OF CHICAGO.

Hon. John T. Sheahan, who has been for seventeen years manager of Marshall Field & Co.'s wholesale warehouse, and is corporal 2d Regiment Infantry, I. N. G., writes the following letter from 373 Indiana avenue, Flat Six, Chicago, Ill.:

Gentlemen—Last summer I caught a cold which seemed to settle in my kidneys and affected them badly. I tried a couple of kidney remedies largely advertised, but they did not help me any. One of my foremen told me of the great help he had received in using Peru-na in a similar case, and I at once procured some.

"It was indeed a blessing to me, as I am on my feet a large part of the day, and trouble such as I had affected me seriously, but four bottles of Peru-na cured me entirely and I would not be without it for three months salary."—JOHN T. SHEAHAN.

Mr. Jacob Fleig writes from 44 Sumner avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.: "I am now a new man at the age of seventy-five years, thanks to your wonderful remedy Peru-na."—Jacob Fleig.

Catarrhal inflammation of the mucous lining of the kidneys, also called "Bright's disease," may be either acute or chronic. The acute form produces symptoms of such prominence that the serious nature of the disease is at once suspected, but the chronic variety may come on so gradually and insidiously that its presence is not suspected until after it has fastened itself thoroughly upon its victim.

At the appearance of the first symptoms Peru-na should be taken. This remedy strikes at once at the very root of the disease.

A book on catarrh sent free by The Peru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

## NEVER A DIP

No stopping for ink. You can't appreciate the satisfaction a good fountain pen affords until you try one. Indispensable to busy writers; but the pen must be a good one. Get the best; get a

### PARKER

This fountain pen stands at the top. No one questions its superiority. Doesn't drop ink, doesn't get out of order. Outlasts them all and costs no more than some of the doubtful kinds. We have a full line of Parkers.

## R. W. SMITH,

Prescription Druggist. Both 'phones. S. E. Corner Square.

## LOUIS E. JONES ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR.

Electric Light and Bell Wiring a specialty. All work guaranteed, approved by National Board of Fire Underwriters. Office and residence, 215 North Fifth street. New phone 628.

## \$25 Reward

To the first person who proves to us that any other carpet cleaning works in Newark can clean carpets by compressed air. This offer is open to every one. Apply to

## KATES & WRIGHT,

251 to 255 North Fourth Street.



## J. H. McCAHON, DENTIST

Memorial Building, Newark, O.

Both 'Phones.

Office Hours 8 to 11:30 a. m.; 1 to 5 p. m.

Our charges are moderate and our work ALWAYS proves satisfactory.

## BALL & WARD.

Headquarters for....

Buggies, Wagons, Surreys and Bike Wagons.

Rubber Tires, Kelley-Springfield and Morgan & Wright.

Horse Shoeing By an expert. See samples of shoes in window of Steven's Cigar Store.

Repairing and Repainting—The only shop in city complete in all departments.

Corner First and Church Streets.



# WOMAN'S POWER

Perfection of Form, Feature, and Mind Render Women All-Powerful. Health, However, the Greatest Charm.

Woman's greatest gift is the power to inspire admiration, respect, and love. There is a beauty in health which is more attractive to men than mere regularity of features.

The snap and spirit which health gives to the eye, the movement, and the speech are full of magnetism.

Sickly women can't understand this. They only know that they are miserable, and their efforts to be attractive are languid and weak.

Woman's influence in the world is limited by her strength, and the strength of health is real strength.

It brings with it beauty and grace and loveliness of disposition.

To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, should be a woman's constant study. If she would be all she may, she must guard well against the signs of ill health.

Regular and painless menstruation is absolutely necessary.

The help which Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound gives to women who are attacked by any disorder of the feminine organism is real, permanent help. It cures all weaknesses of the organs and makes it possible for women to retain their health and beauty to maturity.

Mrs. Pinkham advises women who are ill free of cost. Address her at Lynn, Mass. Thousands owe their health to her.



A Boston Woman's Experience.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel very grateful to you for the benefit I derived from your kind advice and remedies. I was troubled with a complication of female troubles, had ovaritis, painful and irregular menstruation, leucorrhoea, nervousness and weakness. I had no appetite and could not sleep nights. The least exertion would cause shortness of breath and dull pains in my hips and side. The doctors all advised me to have an operation and have one of my ovaries removed, but this I could not bear to think of. I was induced to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and after taking the first bottle I was much improved. It renewed my appetite, health and strength. I continued taking it, also your Blood Purifier and Sanative Wash until entirely cured of all my troubles. The pains have never returned and my health is splendid. Your remedies have been a boon to me and I am sure many a woman owes her life to them."—MRS. WEND, 358 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass. (March 15, 1901.)

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such hosts of grateful friends. Remember this when you go to buy Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

**\$5000 REWARD.**—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, \$5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letter is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



In the beautiful month of May, When boys and girls and birds feel gay! We need a tonic to purify the blood, There is nothing better, or half as good, As a glass Consumers Beer!



Don't let anybody make you believe that you can not get a FIRST CLASS SET OF TEETH FOR \$8.00. "The test of the pudding is in the eating." We don't ask you to take our word, come in and we will furnish you a long list of people who have got them and they will tell you.

**Albany Dentists**  
South Side Square.

You have never used Winter Wheat Patent Flour unless you have used "Clover Leaf." Makes snow white bread.

**E. W. Green**

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

## Notice to Undertakers.

Scaled proposals will be received by the Trustee of Newark township for the burial of the poor of said township where township aid is required. Bids should be for furnishing coffin and robe, box for coffin and use of hearse. Bids will be received by the Township Clerk until Monday evening, June 2, 1902, at 7:30 o'clock.

The contract to be let for one year. The Trustee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. F. SHOWMAN,  
Sat and wed tf Township Clerk.

## Notice to Physicians.

Scaled proposals for medical attendance upon the sick poor of Newark township will be received by the Township Clerk of said township, until Monday, June 2, 1902, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. Such proposals must be for personal attendance and the furnishing of necessary medicines and surgery, also to perform all necessary cases of obstetrics.

The contract to be let for one year. The trustees reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. F. SHOWMAN,  
Sat and wed tf Township Clerk.

No British Banners Wave in Battle. Some people may not know that the colors are not now taken into action, says the London Navy and Army. Before a corps proceeds on service they are placed in safe custody as suits such honorific insignia, and "when Johnny comes marching home again" they will be all the fresher for not being carried through dusty lands and trying rivers. The men whose duty it would have been to carry them and stand by them to the last are nowadays employed in less sentimental if more useful duties.

**E. W. Green**

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

# S. S. CONVENTION.

Successful Two Day Meeting Held at Granville With Attendance of 350--Seventeen Townships Represented--Reports Show Good Work--Election of Officers.

The annual convention of the Licking County Sunday school Association which had been in session in Granville since 10 o'clock on Thursday morning, came to a close on Friday afternoon.

The convention convened in the Presbyterian church and the exercises opened with devotional services, conducted by Rev. J. B. Rovey of Newark.

At the roll call of the townships 17 of the 26 townships responded, after which the president, Rev. B. F. Patt delivered an address. This was followed by a Bible study, subject, "The Book of Acts," conducted by Rev. L. S. Boyce of Newark.

The afternoon session was given to a discussion of the topic, "Teachers and Teaching."

Rev. Frank Gilliland of Granville, conducted the opening prayer service. This was followed by talks on the different phases of the teacher's work, conducted by Rev. T. M. Luginbotham of Newark, J. B. Jones of Newark and Mrs. Mary Boyd Reynolds of Utica, after which the Denison quartet rendered a beautiful selection.

Short, but interesting talks were then made by Mrs. C. J. Baldwin, of Granville, and Rev. H. Newton Miller of Newark, on "The Teachers and the Book" and "The Teachers and Prayerfulness."

The convention was fortunate in having in its services the Rev. John Rev. A. S. Carman of Granville, who was assisted by two of his brothers.

This was followed by an address, "The Child in the Midst," by Mrs. A. G. Crouse of Westerville, O., primary secretary of the Ohio Sunday School Association. Mrs. Crouse's address was interesting and helpful.

The Shephardson Quartet then rendered a beautiful selection which was followed by an address, "New Things in the Sunday School World," by Rev. Minor Lee Bates, of Warren, Ohio, former president of the Licking county Sunday School Association.

The great host of workers in attendance at the convention were glad to welcome Mr. Bates back again.

The sessions on Friday morning opened at 9 o'clock with devotional exercises, conducted by Mr. C. W. Shinn of Granville.

The reports of the township secretaries were interesting and showed good work done in almost every part of the county.

Mrs. R. T. Sheldon of Shasta, Ohio, State Superintendent of Sunday School Temperance Work in the W. C. T. U. gave a fine address in behalf of the much agitated question as to whether they shall have quarterly temperance lessons, or be willing to give up this lesson for the sake of the regular course.

On motion the Association voted that a petition be presented at Denver, praying for the continuance of the temperance lesson.

The address of Mrs. Sheldon was followed by a beautiful vocal selection by Miss Mame Morgan of Shephardson college, which delighted all.

Rev. C. L. Work, D. D., of Granville, then conducted a model teachers' meeting the subject being that of the current Sunday school lesson.

At 1:30 o'clock there were three conferences held in the different churches as follows:

"Primary Workers," conducted by Mrs. A. G. Crouse, in the Methodist church.

"Sunday School Officers" in the Baptist church.

"Township Association Officers" in the Presbyterian church.

Rev. W. I. Todd of Johnstown, conducted the devotional exercises in the regular convention at 2 o'clock.

This was followed by reports of the different secretaries of the county convention. The report of the Normal Secretary, Prof. W. A. Chamberlain, showed that there are at present 210 normal students enrolled in our county.

27 of whom have completed their work and received the State Association diploma.

It was also stated that Licking county stands second in normal work in the state.

The report of the Home department secretary, Mrs. L. B. Wickliffe of Kirtersville showed excellent work accomplished in many of the schools of the county.

Miss Grace Wells, of Granville, county primary secretary, in her report showed the good work that had been accomplished on the part of the superintendents and teachers of the different schools of the county.

County Secretary W. A. Holmes, of Granville, then read his annual report which showed that a larger work than ever before had been accomplished by the Association during the past year, 47 Sunday school workers' meetings having been held in the county during the past year. To thirty-six of these county workers' had been sent to give addresses in behalf of more efficient Sunday school work. Over \$300 have been raised in the county for county and state work. Every township in the county is organized and almost every association is wide awake and progressive.

This was followed by reports of committees, the first being the committee on nominations, by whom the following persons were named for the different offices of the County Association for the coming year, and who were elected:

President, Rev. B. F. Patt, Newark.  
Gen. Sec. and Treas., Chas. W. Shinn of Granville.

Asst. Sec., E. M. Bell, Utica.  
Rec. Sec., E. S. Randolph, Newark.

Sec. of Normal Work, Prof. W. A. Chamberlain, Granville.  
Supt. Home Dept. Work, L. B. Wickliffe, Kirtersville.

Primary Work, Miss Grace Wells, Granville.

The report of the committee on resolutions was adopted.

Mr. Philipps of Denison university favored the audience with a beautiful vocal solo.

Rev. Joseph Taylor of Columbus, delivered the closing address to the convention, in which he sought to make plain the great opportunities that are before us in our Lord's work.

At the close of the regular convention a children's mass meeting was held in the Baptist church conducted by Mrs. A. G. Crouse. This was a great service, in which the boys and girls entered with a hearty good will.

The convention was attended by over 350 persons, by far the largest and most interesting convention ever held in the county.

The different committees of Granville people did all in their power to make the convention a success from the committee on entertainment down to the page boys. It was a convention that will never be forgotten by the Sunday school workers of the county.

Horsemen: Call and see Romanes at Priest's Fifth Street Livery stable.

Read Advocate want ads, page 6.

## MRS. MONROE'S FUNERAL.

Emaline Monroe, born August 15, 1837, died May 22, 1902 after a lingering illness with Bright's disease. She leaves a husband, one son Joseph Monroe residing in Cambridge and one daughter Mrs. Fred Bonar of this city. She has been a member of church since childhood and leaves a large number of friends who, with the family mourn their great loss.

The funeral will be held from the home of her daughter, Mrs. Fred Bonar, 372 South German street, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

## Hot or Cold

Malt-Nut, the food dainty, can be served direct from the package with half milk or cream or hot by cooking three minutes making a very delicious hot breakfast food.

It contains the brain and muscle properties of wheat, scientifically prepared and malted and the fat and tissue elements of nut oils.

The perfect food for the invalid who would regain strength and the robust, who would remain strong.

## FASHIONABLE MATERIALS.

Volle and Eolienne Are Popular For Dressy Wear.

Serge cloth and the lighter makes of frieze are popular for summer tailor makes, and as the warmer days arrive more and more gowns of veiling and eolienne will be worn. Volle will be one of it not the most fashionable materials for the summer season, and those who only know it as the coarse woolen type have no idea of its charm in a combination of silk and wool, while all silk volle is really exquisite.

Fashionable modistes are making a good many skirts without lining to wear over slips of taffeta and satin. The bands are made separately, too, in order that more than one skirt may be worn over the same slip. This is a most convenient fashion and one commendable on the score of economy.

There are many smart ways of trimming these overskirts, as they are called. The newest have inlets of lace in medallion form alternated with velvet or silk. Others, quite as effective, but less elaborate, have bands or pointed trimmings of lace insertion, and the volle is cut away from the back of the lace so that a colored or white slip shows prettily through the openings.

The picture hat shown is of black satin straw, trimmed with pale pink roses and black velvet ribbon.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

## THIN GOWNS.

Medallion Trimmings—Red Wash Dresses.

A series of medallions of graduated size running upward, tunic fashion, is smart and uncommon, and these are linked together by means of strappings of silk or velvet, which wander side by side and then part to outline the medallion and so to make a graceful border.

A particular shade of scarlet, better known as brick red, is forming many wash waists and skirts which are often toned down by a tie and deep belt of black and an all black hat. Whatever vagaries fashion takes, it always demands that we should possess at least one all black hat. It is certainly far smarter to have a toning down

## OF ECHU NET.

touch of black on a bright colored frock than to have a touch of color on an all black costume.

All black and all white costumes are to be all the rage this summer.

This pretty evening gown can be worn either with or without a transparent yoke. It is made of tinted net over white taffeta, and is trimmed with perpendicular bands of heavy ceru lace. Starting a little below the knees to the bottom of the skirt there are several rows of ruffles cut so as to simulate petals and edged with the thinnest white satin ribbon. The sleeves are particularly stylish, being full and transparent. They are gathered into a cuff of the lace.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

Goodhair soap saves your hair. Sprague, Optician, 16 W. Church st. Smith & Nixon Pianos at Rawlings. Read the Advocate want ads on page 6 today.

Stretch Runner, a thoroughbred running horse will make the season at the Fair Grounds. H. McKenna, keeper. 5-22-dtf

U. V. L.—Rev. G. W. Van Fossen is to speak at the U. V. L. memorial services Sunday at 3 p. m. in Memorial Hall. The public is invited.

CONCERT—Tickets for the Otterbein concert are on sale at Crayton's drug store and Warman's barber shop on East Main street. Concert tonight.

FALSE REPORT—A report has been current on the street today that a man was killed near Pataskala, but a dispatch from that town this afternoon says there is no truth in it.

CORRECTION—An error was made in announcing the line of march for the Decoration day exercises. The name of William Nash appeared in place of Minor O. Nash, who is colonel commander of the U. V. L.

S. A. W. V.—All members of the S. A. W. V. are requested to meet at G. A. R. hall tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock to attend memorial services. Charles Adams, Commander; Dell Farmer, Adjutant.

MEMORIAL—The G. A. R. Memorial services will be held tomorrow morning at the First Presbyterian church. All members requested to meet at Memorial Hall at 9:30 o'clock. All sailors and soldiers invited to attend. D. J. Jones, Post Com.

MILK TAKEN—Mrs. Turner, 133 East Main street, has been missing milk from her porch for some time. Today she had a person stationed to watch the milk bottle given it was deposited on the porch. It was soon taken, and Mrs. Turner knows, it is said, who did it.

It seems queer that the dull people should be the greatest bores.

## R. R. Time Cards.

**Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.**

Trains. Arrive. Depart.  
100 Wheel & Pitts Ex. 12:25 am 12:35 am  
101 Chesapeake & Potomac Ex. 7:15 am 7:25 am  
102 Annapolis & Md. Ex. 8:10 am 8:20 am  
103 Wash. & Annapolis Ex. 12:25 pm 12:35 pm  
104 Cal. & Annapolis Ex. 7:15 pm 7:25 pm  
105 Wash. & Annapolis Ex. 8:10 pm 8:20 pm  
106 Annapolis & Md. Ex. 7:00 pm 7:10 pm  
(Columbus & Newark Div.)—WEST BOUND  
107 Cal. & St. L. Ex. 2:10 am 2:20 am  
108 Chesapeake & Potomac Ex. 8:45 am 8:55 am  
109 Columbus & Annapolis Ex. 9:10 am 9:20 am  
110 Cal. & St. L. Ex. 1:30 pm 1:40 pm  
111 Cal. Ex. (Sunday) 9:10 am 9:15 am

(Second District)—GOING NORTH  
112 Chicago & East Line Ex. 8:10 am 8:15 am  
113 Chicago & East Line Ex. 8:45 am 8:50 am  
114 Chicago & East Line Ex. 9:10 am 9:15 am  
115 Chicago & East Line Ex. 9:45 am 9:50 am  
116 Chicago & East Line Ex. 10:10 am 10:15 am  
117 Chicago & East Line Ex. 10:45 am 10:50 am  
118 Chicago & East Line Ex. 11:10 am 11:15 am  
119 Chicago & East Line Ex. 11:45 am 11:50 am  
120 Chicago & East Line Ex. 12:10 pm 12:15 pm

ARRIVING FROM THE NORTH  
121 Chicago & East Line Ex. 7:15 am 7:20 am  
122 Chicago & East Line Ex. 7:45 am 7:50 am  
123 Chicago & East Line Ex. 8:10 am 8:15 am  
124 Chicago & East Line Ex. 8:45 am 8:50 am  
125 Chicago & East Line Ex. 9:10 am 9:15 am  
126 Chicago & East Line Ex. 9:45 am 9:50 am  
127 Chicago & East Line Ex. 10:10 am 10:15 am  
128 Chicago & East Line Ex. 10:45 am 10:50 am  
129 Chicago & East Line Ex. 11:10 am 11:15 am  
130 Chicago & East Line Ex. 11:45 am 11:50 am

FOURTH DISTRICT.  
DEPART.  
202 South 8:15 am 8:20 am  
203 South 8:45 am 8:50 am  
204 From South 9:10 am 9:15 am  
205 From South 9:45 am 9:50 am  
206 From South 10:10 am 10:15 am  
207 From South 10:45 am 10:50 am  
208 From South 11:10 am 11:15 am  
209 From South 11:45 am 11:50 am  
210 From South 12:10 pm 12:15 pm

ARRIVING FROM THE SOUTH  
211 From South 12:45 pm 12:50 pm  
212 From South 1:10 pm 1:15 pm  
213 From South 1:45 pm 1:50 pm  
214 From South 2:10 pm 2:15 pm  
215 From South 2:45 pm 2:50 pm  
216 From South 3:10 pm 3:15 pm  
217 From South 3:45 pm 3:50 pm  
218 From South 4:10 pm 4:15 pm  
219 From South 4:45 pm 4:50 pm  
220 From South 5:10 pm 5:15 pm

PAID TO ORDER  
B. N. AUSTIN, G. P. A. Chicago, Ill.  
D. B. MARTIN, M. P. T., Baltimore, Md.

## Pennsylvania Railroad.

WESTWARD.  
No. 1. 12:30 am Daily  
No. 2. 6:30 am Daily  
No. 3. 12:30 pm Daily  
No. 4. 6:30 pm Daily  
No. 5. 12:30 am Daily  
No. 6. 6:30 am Daily  
No. 7. 12:30 pm Daily  
No. 8. 6:30 pm Daily

EASTWARD.  
No. 9. 12:30 am Daily  
No. 10. 6:30 am Daily  
No. 11. 12:30 pm Daily  
No. 12. 6:30 pm Daily  
No. 13. 12:30 am Daily  
No. 14. 6:30 am Daily  
No. 15. 12:30 pm Daily  
No. 16. 6:30 pm Daily

Daily except Sunday.  
J. L. WORTH, Ticket Agent, Newark.

C. B. L. & N. ELECTRIC RY.  
Leave Newark for Columbus—6:00 a. m., 8:30 a. m., 11:00 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 6:30 p. m.  
Leave Columbus for Newark—6:10 a. m., 8:40 a. m., 11:10 a. m., 1:40 p. m., 4:10 p. m., 6:40 p. m.

Newark & Granville Electric Road  
(In effect November 18, 1901.)  
Tr. No. 1. Newark. Tr. No. 2. Granville  
1 Power House. 5:00 am 5:20 am  
2 South 5:30 am 5:50 am  
3 B. & O. 7:05 am 7:25 am  
4 B. & O. 7:35 am 7:55 am  
5 B. & O. 8:05 am 8:25 am  
6 B. & O. 8:35 am 8:55 am  
7 B. & O. 9:05 am 9:25 am  
8 B. & O. 9:35 am 9:55 am  
9 B. & O. 10:05 am 10:25 am  
10 B. & O. 10:35 am 10:55 am  
11 B. & O. 11:05 am 11:25 am  
12 B. & O. 11:35 am 11:55 am  
13 B. & O. 12:05 pm 12:25 pm  
14 B. & O. 12:35 pm 12:55 pm  
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16 B. & O. 1:35 pm 1:55 pm  
17 B. & O. 2:05 pm 2:25 pm  
18 B. & O. 2:35 pm 2:55 pm  
19 B. & O. 3:05 pm 3:25 pm  
20 B. & O. 3:35 pm 3:55 pm  
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27 B. & O. 7:05 pm 7:25 pm  
28 B. & O. 7:35 pm 7:55 pm  
29 B. & O. 8:05 pm 8:25 pm  
30 B. & O. 8:35 pm 8:55 pm

SUNDAY SCHEDULE  
Lv. Newark. 7:05 am 7:45 am 8:25 am 9:05 am 9:45 am 10:25 am 11:05 am 11:45 am 12:25 pm 1:05 pm 1:45 pm 2:25 pm 3:05 pm 3:45 pm 4:25 pm 5:05 pm 5:45 pm 6:25 pm 7:05 pm 7:45 pm 8:25 pm 9:05 pm 9:45 pm 10:25 pm 11:05 pm 11:45 pm 12:25 am  
Lv. Granville. 7:15 am 7:55 am 8:35 am 9:15 am 9:55 am 10:35 am 11:15 am 11:55 am 12:35 pm 1:15 pm 1:55 pm 2:35 pm 3:15 pm 3:55 pm 4:35 pm 5:15 pm 5:55 pm 6:35 pm 7:15 pm 7:55 pm 8:35 pm 9:15 pm 9:55 pm 10:35 pm 11:15 pm 11:55 pm 12:35 am

O. C. R. Y. Trains. No. 1. Newark. No. 2. Granville. No. 3. Newark. No. 4. Granville. No. 5. Newark. No. 6. Granville. No. 7. Newark. No. 8. Granville. No. 9. Newark. No. 10. Granville. No. 11. Newark. No. 12. Granville. No. 13. Newark. No. 14. Granville. No. 15. Newark. No. 16. Granville. No. 17. Newark. No. 18. Granville. No. 19. Newark. No. 20. Granville. No. 21. Newark. No. 22. Granville. No. 23. Newark. No. 24. Granville. No. 25. Newark. No. 26. Granville. No. 27. Newark. No. 28. Granville. No. 29. Newark. No. 30. Granville.

For special car service rates, etc., apply at Secretary and Treasurer's office, Room 2, Fleet Building, West Main street, Newark, N. J. G. S. SHINNICK, Sec. & Treas. M. J. LOFTUS, JR., Supt.

## STINGER—Oh, well, I suppose you regard me as a perfect fool?

Beck—My dear fellow, I have long ago given up looking for perfection in this imperfect world.—Boston Transcript.

## FASHIONABLE MATERIALS.

Volle and Eolienne Are Popular For Dressy Wear.

Serge cloth and the lighter makes of frieze are popular for summer tailor makes, and as the warmer days arrive more and more gowns of veiling and eolienne will be worn. Volle will be one of it not the most fashionable materials for the summer season, and those who only know it as the coarse woolen type have no idea of its charm in a combination of silk and wool, while all silk volle is really exquisite.

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**BEAUTIFY YOUR SKIN AND HAIR**  
with warm shampoos of **Harfina SOAP**

Beautiful hair is positively insured by cleansing scalp and hair with **Harfina Soap** and then applying a dressing of **Hay's Hair-Health**. This will remove dandruff, stop itching and promote a healthy growth of luxuriant hair. For purifying the skin, softening and whitening rough chapped hands; for removing pimples, allaying irritation or offensive perspiration, and for all antiseptic purposes in the toilet, bath or nursery, **Harfina Soap** is pronounced by thousands of men and women the most perfect and satisfactory soap, toilet or medicated, they have ever used.

**Harfina Soap** is free from alkali, and unites purest cleansing ingredients with healing Pine Balsam and delicate odor of forest flowers.

It combines in one soap, at one price, the best skin and complexion soap, the best hair and scalp soap in the world. 25 cent cakes at leading druggists. 3 for 65 cents.

**Free Soap Offer** **HARFINA SOAP**

Cut out and sign this coupon in five days, take it to any of the following druggists and they will give you a large bottle of **Hay's Hair-Health** and a 25c. cake of **Harfina Medicated Soap**, the best soap for Hair, Scalp, Complexion, Bath and Toilet, both for Fifty cents—regular price, 75c. Redeemed by leading druggists everywhere at their shops only, or by **Harfina Soap Co.**, Newark, N. J., either with or without soap, by express, prepaid, in plain sealed package, on receipt of fee, and this coupon. (Sign name and address.)

**Hay's Hair-Health** warranted to restore youthful color, beauty and life to gray or faded hair, has proved a blessing to thousands who have a fine head of hair. **Hay's Hair-Health** is a refreshing, fragrant dressing and hair grower. Not a dye; will not stain the scalp or clothing. Stops hair falling.

Large 50 cent bottles at leading druggists.

Following Druggists supply **Hay's Hair-Health** and **Harfina Soap** in their shops only:

T. Johnson, 10 S. 2nd. R. W. Smith, S. E. Cor. Square.  
Wiles Erman Drug Co., 17 N. 3rd. Peters & Smith, 29 N. 3rd.  
A. F. Crayton, 3 South Park Place.

The two greatest candy concerns in America are

**Huyler's**  
...and...  
**Whitman's**

One of New York, the other of Philadelphia. I have succeeded in procuring the exclusive agency in Newark for the above brands of fine candy—the finest in the world.

CHOCOLATES,  
BON BONS,  
MARSHMALLOWS,  
NOUGOTS,  
ROMONETTES,  
SCOTCH KISSES,

A fresh lot just received and more coming.

**ERNEST I. JOHNSON,**  
DRUGGIST,  
No. 10 South Second St.

**DR. A. V. DAVIS,**  
**Dentist**

Teeth Extracted Without Pain.

North Side Square, above Studevant's Jewelry Store. Old phone 2 on 170.

**E. G. McPHERSON,**  
**TAILOR**

154 WEST MAIN STREET.

Get a spring suit that will please you. They are right.

**JOHN DAVID JONES,**  
Attorney at Law.

No. 30-32 South Third Street, Newark, O.  
Practices in all the Courts, both State and National. Prompt attention given to wills, conveyancing and Administrators and Guardians accounts, and all litigations.

**DR. C. L. WYETH,**  
DENTIST.

22 E. Church St. First door west of Second Presbyterian church.  
Examination free. New Phone.

**HURBAUGH STORAGE.**

Most complete and safe facilities for the care of merchandise. Moving, storage and packing.

**Hurbaugh Transfer and Storage Co.**  
Both 'phones at barn and office, 54 South Third street, Newark Ohio.

**The Kimball Piano**

On account of its superiority as a distinctly artistic creation the KIMBALL PIANO has received the endorsement of and is used in the homes of the world's greatest artists. It is also used in the leading colleges and conservatories throughout the United States.

**S. M. Walker,**  
Representative,  
83 West Main, Newark, Ohio.

**F. J. Mackenzie**  
JEWELER,  
Watch and Clock Repairing.  
N. E. Cor. Sq. Opposite Auditorium

## ONLY 24 MINERS OF 133 ESCAPED

FROM THE TERRIBLE EXPLOSION  
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Hardly a Home in the Settlement Escaped Affliction—Coal Damp Hinders Recovery of Bodies.

Vancouver, B. C., May 24—Only 24 of the 133 men working in No. 9 shaft of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company's mine, when the explosion occurred Thursday evening, are known to have escaped. Eighteen dead bodies have been taken out of the men entombed, it is feared the majority are dead. Hardly a house has escaped affliction.

From all available sources assistance is being rushed to the scene of the calamity, but there is little hope for the rescue of any of the entombed men.

The presence of coal damp is adding to the danger of rescue work. A fear has become general that the mines may catch fire at any time and survivors are being besought by their relatives not to venture into the shafts even for rescue work.

The scene in the neighborhood of the mouth of the tunnel is distressing in the extreme, and all the more so, as it is utterly impossible at this time to hold out any hope to the women, whose cries are for entombed husbands and fathers and brothers.

Fernie is a town in the eastern part of the province of British Columbia. Fernie's only industry is mining, and its population is about 5,000. Most of the miners are foreign born.

Outerbein concert at U. B. church to-night.

**New Department Store.**

We occupy four floors and have the largest assortment of goods for the family in Newark. On the basement floor will be found churns, washing machines, woodenware of all kinds, stone and crockery ware.

The second floor is our grocery and restaurant, and in speaking of the restaurant, we will serve our famous merchants' 15 cent lunch. The restaurant is open seven days in the week.

You will find tinware, hammocks, fishing tackle and our seed department also occupying this floor.

Our chinaware and glassware occupy the third floor, while the fourth floor is filled with surplus stock.

**DILLON & CUNNINGHAM,**  
Successors to C. C. Rankin.  
35 South Park Place. 24d&w

Outerbein concert at U. B. church to-night.

**SON DISINHERITED**  
BY NOD OF HER HEAD.

New York, May 24—By a nod of her head, Mrs. Virginia Wilde, who died recently disinherited her son and gave her entire estate to her daughter. At the time of the execution of the will, Mrs. Wilde was suffering from throat affection, making it difficult for her to articulate. The executors prepared her will and read it to Mrs. Wilde in the presence of witnesses assembled at her bedside. She was asked if she understood and nodded assent and the witnesses signed the document. Surrogate Church of Brooklyn, has just admitted the will to probate.

Outerbein concert at U. B. church to-night.

## A ROCHAMBEAU ANECDOTE.

Washington's Extravagance White on a Trip to Meet French Court.

Apropos of the Rochambeau celebration, Mrs. Gertrude Atherton tells the following anecdote, says the New York Times:

Washington desired a personal conference with Count Rochambeau, and it was suggested that the meeting should be at Wethersfield, near Hartford, Conn. The principal difficulty lay in the heavy expense of such a trip, but by a collection among the officers a fund of \$8,000 was raised.

The Continental officers set on their journey a week later, having communicated with Rochambeau, who agreed to meet them at Wethersfield. All went well until they reached Hartford late in the afternoon, weary and ravenous. After a bath and a glimpse of luxurious beds they marched to the dining room and sat down to a sumptuous repast, whose like had greeted neither nostril nor palate for many a day. The wines were mellow, the food to the bacco good, the conversation gay until midnight. The young men arose at their accustomed hour the next morning with appetites renewed, but waited in vain for their chief. Hamilton finally knocked at his door. There was no response, and the servant told him that the general had gone out nearly an hour before. He went in search and, as he had anticipated, found Washington in a secluded nook engaged in prayer.

"Is anything wrong, sir?" asked Hamilton anxiously.

"Alas, sir," said the general, "I wonder you, too, are not driven to prayer to intercede for help in this distressing predicament. Think of that extravagant repast we consumed last night. God help me, but I was so famished I never gave a thought to consequences. Unquestionably the breakfast will be on a like scale, and we have but \$8,000 with which to pay the bill!"

"It is true, I never gave the matter a thought," said Hamilton, "I am curiously extravagant. And we must get home! I suppose we shall have to fast all the way. The memory of last night's dinner may sustain us!"

"But this man's bill. How are we to meet it?"

"Shall I speak to him, sir?" asked Hamilton. "Tell him unreservedly our predicament?"

"Do," said Washington, "and come here and tell me what he says. I am too mortified to show my face."

Hamilton walked slowly to the house, little caring for the errand. He returned on a dead run.

"We are saved, sir!" he cried. "Governor Trumbull has sent word to all the hostilities that we are to be his guests while in the state of Connecticut."

Washington said his prayers again and ate two chickens for breakfast.

## MARINES AID MAIMED MORO

Interesting Incident of the Service in the Philippines.

Uncle Sam's marines at Isabela, the new naval station for the southern Philippines which has been established on the island of Basilan, which lies over against Zamboanga, on Mindanao, have gone out of their way to do a humane act for a poor Moro, says the New York Mail and Express. The kindly deed, which consisted of voluntarily giving pieces of their skin for grafting, is told by an American officer in a letter to a friend in "the States." The officer writes:

"Dr. Guthrie, our surgeon, has a case in which we are all interested. A native was bitten in the thigh by a shark. The thigh was badly lacerated, and the doctor decided to graft new skin on the injured part. He sent to the old datto who is lord of island, asking him to detail one of his Moros for the operation of being flayed to furnish the skin. But the old chief sent back word that the injured one was not worth it.

"Learning of the necessity for the operation, the Yankee marines came forward and volunteered to contribute patches of their own skins to save the man's life. The skin grafting was successful, and the Moro is now a most devoted upholder of the stars and stripes. His gratitude is tempered, however, by the fact that he has a white thigh, while the rest of his body is a dark brown in color. As the Moros here go about mostly naked, his variegated skin makes him a trifle conspicuous.

"Seriously this act of the marines in voluntarily contributing portions of their own skins for the benefit of a poor, miserable Moro fisherman was most noble."

The naval garrison at Isabela live in a curious structure which was formerly the palace of the Spanish governor. Two large rooms of the building are used for the sick of the command, and so the building is generally known as the naval hospital. The hospital stands on a coral reef 200 yards out in the harbor and is supported on piles, the seas ebbing and flowing beneath the building and covering the reef at all times. A dingy manned by a private of marines is the ferry by which communication is had with the shore.

When the Spaniards evacuated Isabela, the governor's palace was left in excellent repair, but before the American garrison reached the place the Moros had looted and stripped it of everything they could carry off, even tearing the copper sheathing from the piles, leaving them a prey to that wood destroying worm of tropical waters, the teredo.

## Good Form In Shoes.

"A high polish on shoes is no longer considered good form," says a man of fashion. "It is going the way of the high gloss on linen. The laundryman has become convinced that the dull finish is what we want, but it is more difficult to penetrate the untutored mind of the bootblack."

## ANNOUNCEMENTS

Candidates for Nomination for County Officers at the Coming Democratic Primary Election.

The following gentlemen whose names appear in this column under this heading, announce themselves as candidates for the offices designated respectively, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Licking county to be expressed at the coming primary election.

**Probate Judge.**  
**WALDO TAYLOR.**  
**GEORGE P. WEBB.**  
**E. M. P. BRISTER.**  
**JOHN M. SWARTZ.**

**Sheriff.**  
**WM. H. ANDERSON, JR.**

**Prosecuting Attorney.**  
**J. R. FITZGIBBON.**  
**CHARLES H. FOLLETT.**

**County Commissioner.**  
**SIMON SHAFER.**  
**GEORGE MILLER.**  
**JOSEPH E. BROWNFIELD.**

**Infirmary Director.**  
**CHARLES S. HOWARD.**

**Coroner.**  
**SCOTT J. EVANS.**

## ABOUT PEOPLE

Items Picked Up Here and There Telling of Your Acquaintances Coming and Going.

John Carter was in Columbus on Friday.

Jasper M. Kockley of North Third street, made a flying trip to Pittsburgh on Friday.

T. J. Gainor was in Springfield on Friday.

Mr. M. Townsend has returned from Cincinnati.

Dr. and Mrs. Holbrook will spend Sunday in Columbus.

Mr. Clyde Conley of the O. S. U. is spending a few days in town.

Miss Alice Bebout spent Thursday in Granville.

Noah Andregg is quite sick at his home on Shields street.

Mrs. Quick of Zanesville is the guest of Mrs. Ried of North Fourth street.

J. C. Murray of the North End, has moved to Zanesville, where he will make his future home.

W. J. Law of Bloomfield, Ia., is visiting his niece, Mrs. A. N. Banton, of 339 West Locust street.

H. A. Dove of Mt. Vernon has accepted a position at the E. H. Everett factory.

Miss Emma Koos, accompanied by her niece, Martha Flanagan, went to Columbus today.

Miss Mary Wilson of Columbus, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Warner Wright, has returned home.

Rev. George W. VanFossen has returned from Cincinnati where he has been attending the diocesan convention.

Miss Zebba Howell will visit in Columbus next week the guest of Mrs. Frank Ashman, nee Minnie Miller, of this city.

Harry A. Baker of the North End, left for a trip through the East. He will visit Montreal, Canada, before his return.

Thursday evening twenty-four young friends, boys and girls, surprised Gladys Emerson with a party, the occasion being her twelfth birthday. The evening was spent with various games.

Joshua H. Marriott, of Monon, Ind., a former resident of Eden township, is now visiting relatives and old friends in this county. Of course, Mr. Marriott, like all the members of his family, is a staunch Democrat.

## How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

We, the undersigned, have known E. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Walburn, Kinnear & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Try Mrs. Austin's Quick Lunch Tapioca, the new dessert. Ready in a minute, no soaking required. All grocers sell it.

Horsemen: Call and see Romancer at Priest's Fifth Street Livery stable.

## KIDNEY DISEASE KILLS.

Its Victims Numbered by the Hundreds of Thousands.

Kidney diseases should be attended to at once, for almost 90 per cent of our unexpected deaths of today are from that cause. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the only sure cure known for the diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood, rheumatism, dyspepsia and chronic constipation. It is marvelous how it stops that pain in the back, relieves the necessity of urinating so often at night, drives away that scalding pain in passing water, corrects the bad effects of whiskey and beer and shows its beneficial effects on the system in an incredibly short time.

George L. Smith, foreman of the Holley Manufacturing Company's Works, Lockport, N. Y., says in a recent letter:

"I have used Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy with the most beneficial results. I was troubled with bladder and kidney complaint very severely, it bothered me a great deal, and have found great relief from its use, and cheerfully recommend it."

All druggists sell Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy in the New 50 cent size and the regular \$1.00 size bottles.

Sample bottle, enough for trial, free by mail. Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y.

Dr. David Kennedy's Golden Plasters strengthen muscles, remove pain anywhere, 15c each.

## BARGAINS IN JEWELRY

For Graduating Presents at Haynes Brothers.

E. S. Hallwood of R. L. Hammel & Co., wholesale jewellers of New York was in the city Monday and Tuesday and closed negotiations with Haynes Bros. for the greater and most up-to-date part of the stock of watches, rings, silverware and jewelry, formerly owned by the late George Sutton of Hampton, Va., who had opened a magnificent new store but a few years ago.

The stock is expected to reach Newark not later than June 1, and on Monday, June 2, will be placed on sale at Haynes Bros. store at 50 cents on the dollar until the entire stock is sold. Those wishing to make graduating presents will do well to wait for this big sale.

## What Thin Folks Need.

Is greater power of digesting and assimilating food. For them Dr. King's New Life Pills work wonders. They tone and regulate the digestive organs, gently expel all poisons from the system, enrich the blood, improve appetite, make healthy flesh. Only 25c. at Hall's drug store.

## Economy is a Great Revenue.

Don't be fooled by anyone charging you more than you can buy for from me; I'll meet the lowest price and loan you the cans. My increasing business proves that my goods are satisfactory. Home Oil at 8 cents per gal. and Home Gasoline at 11 cents per gal. in machine filled and labelled square cans. Stop the wagon or send postal card to C. M. Lines, 150 Wilson street. 3-17-tf

For electric fans see A. N. Banton, 49 North Third street. 4-15-d30t

## Brooklyn Handicap.

New York, May 24—The classic Brooklyn handicap will be run today at Gravesend about 4 o'clock. Frank Farrell's "Blues" and Caruther & Shields' "Advance Guard," are favorites at 4 to 1 today.

## CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to extend our heartfelt thanks to all our friends for their kindness during the sad bereavement in the death of husband and father, C. A. Meier. Especially do we thank the German Lutheran choir for the singing, and also the Redmen, Pocahontas, Ladies' Relief Corps and others for the beautiful floral offerings. Wife and Children of the late C. A. Meier.

Read Advocate want ads, page 6.

**If You Could Look**  
into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through **Shiloh's Consumption Cure**. Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. Write to S. C. Wells & Co., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

**Shiloh's Consumption Cure**  
Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. Write to S. C. Wells & Co., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

**Shiloh's Consumption Cure**  
Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. Write to S. C. Wells & Co., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

## MEYER BROS. & CO.

## Last Notice!

On account of not being able to get all portraits finished, the artist will be here until Wednesday, May 14th, so we would kindly ask you to call here before that time if you have any work being done. Very respectfully,

## Meyer Bros. & Co.

## THE DORCAS

The highest grade, best wearing, best fitting union-made ladies' shoe made.

## LINEHAN BROS.

## MUSICAL

Feast at Taylor Hall Friday Night Was Greatly Enjoyed by All Who Were Present.

The piano recital given on Friday evening by Mr. J. B. Francis McDowell at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium was one of the few musical feasts that Newark has the opportunity to enjoy. The program which was published in Friday's Advocate showed a great variety of style, and could not fail to please every taste. From the heart breaking music of Chopin, through all the phases of human sentiment as portrayed by Mendelssohn, Bach, Liszt, Rubenstein, and Grieg, the performance left nothing to be desired. Mr. Walter Bentley Ball was received in a most flattering manner, and delighted the audience with his excellent singing. No greater compliment can be paid one than to be enthusiastically received at home. Miss Bertha Doomey is a comparatively new addition to Newark musical circles, and her singing was greatly enjoyed. Mr. Marshall is always heard with pleasure. Miss Beecher and Miss Felix, as accompanists, filled well a very important place on the program.

## Stand Like a Stone Wall

Between your children and the tortures of itching and burning eczema, scaldhead or other skin diseases. How? Why, by using Bucklen's Arnica Salve, earth's greatest healer. Quickest cure for Ulcers, Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Cuts, Burns or Bruises. Infallible for Piles. 25c. at Hall's drug store.

## Notice.

To all whom it may concern:

As I am about to engage in another business, I hereby wish to notify all parties who have accounts with me past due and of long standing, to please call and settle same. Also all parties who have repair work here for some time to call for same within 10 days from date. And oblige,  
J. GLEICHAUF,  
Furniture Dealer, 22 West Main street. 5-20d6t.

## WEIANT'S PICNIC FOR CHILDREN.

To the Children of Newark. Save every label you get off of Wei-ant's bread and be ready for the picnic on the Buckeye Lake road some time in June. You know we make the largest, and best loaf of bread in the city. 5-15-dtf

W. S. WEIANT.

For indigestion use Paine's Celery

Wafers, 25c. at Hall's Drug Store. dtf

## Short Loans.

\$10 to \$100  
Borrowers complying with my terms will not waste their money in bonuses or fees. Hoover, 100% W. Main, room 7 Avalon. New phone 660. 5-20d6t

## Lowney's Celebrated Chocolates

We have just received a large invoice of Lowney's Chocolate Creams. They are favorites with many and need no introduction. Remember the place is

HALL'S DRUG STORE.

The season is now here for house-cleaning. You can brighten the home by cleaning the soiled wall paper with

**Hallman's Diamond Wall Paper Gleaner**

It pleases every one who uses it. Easy to use. Price 5 cents. Sold only at

HALL'S DRUG STORE.

Use **HALL'S OINTMENT** for Itching Piles

or any itching of the skin. Price 25c. Only at HALL'S DRUG STORE.

**Hall's Painless Corn Cure** is the best in the land. It will relieve the pain and remove corns and bunions. Price 25c. Satisfaction guaranteed at

## Hall's Drug Store,

NO. 10 NORTH SIDE SQUARE.

**WINE OF BEEF AND IRON**  
The Ideal Spring Tonic.  
Price 50 cents.  
Ask your druggist.

**Dr. Edwin Nichols,**  
Diseases of Rectum  
3 E. Church St., Newark, O.

## EASY AND QUICK IS Soap Making

WITH

## BANNER LYE

To make the very best soap, simply dissolve a can of BANNER LYE in cold water, melt 5-12 lbs. of grease, pour the Lye water in the grease. Stir and put aside to set.

Full Directions on Every Package. BANNER LYE is pulverized. The can may be opened and closed at will, permitting the use of a small quantity at a time. It is just the article needed in every household. It will clean paint, floors, marble and tile work, soften water, disintegrate clogs, closets and waste pipes. For sale by all druggists. THE PENN CHEMICAL WORKS, Philadelphia